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CYBER; Cyber Security for Consumer Internet of Things: Baseline Requirements Reference REN/CYBER-0048

Keywords

cybersecurity, IoT, privacy



650 Route des Lucioles F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88

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### Foreword

This final draft European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Cyber Security (CYBER), and is now submitted for the Vote phase of the ETSI standards EN Approval Procedure.

Proposed national transposition dates			
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	3 months after ETSI publication		
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	6 months after doa		
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	6 months after doa		

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## Introduction

As more devices in the home connect to the Internet, the cyber security of the Internet of Things (IoT) becomes a growing concern. People entrust their personal data to an increasing number of online devices and services. Products and appliances that have traditionally been offline are now connected and need to be designed to withstand cyber threats.

The present document brings together widely considered good practice in security for Internet-connected consumer devices in a set of high-level outcome-focused provisions. The objective of the present document is to support all parties involved in the development and manufacturing of consumer IoT with guidance on securing their products.

The provisions are primarily outcome-focused, rather than prescriptive, giving organizations the flexibility to innovate and implement security solutions appropriate for their products.

The present document is not intended to solve all security challenges associated with consumer IoT. It also does not focus on protecting against attacks that are prolonged/sophisticated or that require sustained physical access to the device. Rather, the focus is on the technical controls and organizational policies that matter most in addressing the most significant and widespread security shortcomings. Overall, a baseline level of security is considered; this is intended to protect against elementary attacks on fundamental design weaknesses (such as the use of easily guessable passwords).

The present document provides a set of baseline provisions applicable to all consumer IoT devices. It is intended to be complemented by other standards defining more specific provisions and fully testable and/or verifiable requirements for specific devices which, together with the present document, will facilitate the development of assurance schemes.

Many consumer IoT devices and their associated services process and store personal data, the present document can help in ensuring that these are compliant with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) [i.7]. Security by design is an important principle that is endorsed by the present document.

ETSI TS 103 701 [i.19] provides guidance on how to assess and assure IoT products against provisions within the present document.

The provisions in the present document have been developed following review of published standards, recommendations and guidance on IoT security and privacy, including: ETSI TR 103 305-3 [i.1], ETSI TR 103 309 [i.2], ENISA Baseline Security Recommendations [i.8], UK Department for Digital, Culture, Media and Sport (DCMS) Secure by Design Report [i.9], IoT Security Foundation Compliance Framework [i.10], GSMA IoT Security Guidelines and Assessment [i.11], ETSI TR 103 533 [i.12], DIN SPEC 27072 [i.20] and OWASP Internet of Things [i.23].

NOTE: Mappings of the landscape of IoT security standards, recommendations and guidance are available in ENISA Baseline Security Recommendations for IoT - Interactive Tool [i.15] and in Copper Horse Mapping Security & Privacy in the Internet of Things [i.14].

As consumer IoT products become increasingly secure, it is envisioned that future revisions of the present document will mandate provisions that are currently recommendations in the present document.