10 ĐỀ KIỂM TRA 1 TIẾT HỌC KÌ 1 MÔN TIẾNG ANH 12					
		CÓ ĐÁP ÁN			
1. Đề kiểm t	ra 1 tiết môn Ti	ếng Anh số 1			
	NH THỨC	Môn: T	IQC KÌ 1 NĂM HỌC 2019 – 2020 IÊNG ANH - LỚP 12 It (không tính thời gian giao đề)		
(Đề thi có	03 trang)				
I. Choose the	word whose unde	erlined part is pronou	nced differently (1m)		
1. A. originat <u>e</u>	d B. need <u>ed</u>	C. encouraged	D. eliminat <u>ed</u>		
2. A. kill <u>ed</u>	B. enjoy <u>ed</u>	C. describ <u>ed</u>	D. digest <u>ed</u>		
3. A. mile <u>s</u>	B. attend <u>s</u>	C. drift <u>s</u>	D. glow <u>s</u>		
4. A. book <u>s</u>	B. do <u>gs</u>	C. cat <u>s</u>	D. map <u>s</u>		
	ncomplete senten h sentence (3ms)	ces. Circle A, B, C or	D as the best choice to		
5. Our parents	5. Our parents join hand to give us a nice house and a happy home.				
A. deal with	B. manage	C. help together	D. work together		
6. An Indian w	6. An Indian woman has tomore in a marriage than a man.				
A. determine	B. sacrifice	C. effort	D. do		
7. Tom: "How o	do you do?" - Jerry				
A. Yes, OK.	B. Not t	oo bad			
C. How do you	u do? D. l'm w	vell			
8. David: "Hap	py Christmas!" - Ja	son: ""			
A. The same to	o you 🛛 🖪. Hap	py Christmas with you!			
C. You are the	same D. Sam	e for you!			
9. Before cars.	, people	horses and bicycles.			
A. were discov	/ered/ had used	B. discovering/ had	used		
C. had discove	ered/ used	D. discovered/ had u	used		
10. the f	iremen arrived to h	elp, we had already pu	t out the fire.		
A. Until	B. No sooner	C. By the time	D. After		
11. I have earr	ned my own living .	I was seven.			
A. Since	B. When	C. While	D. As soon as		
12. ,	Peter came to see	me.			
A. While havin	g dinner I	B. While I was having o	dinner		
C. When havir	ng dinner [). When I am having di	nner		

13. Can I borrow your bike on Monday? – I'm sorry, but.....it.

A. I'll be using it B. used C. use D. have used

14. By the end of this year, my father..... in this company for 10 years.

A. has been working B. has worked C. will work D. will have been working

15. "Don't forget to go to the supermarket after work", he said.

A. He requested me not forget to go to the supermarket after work.

B. He asked me not to forget to go to the supermarket after work.

C. He reminded me to go to the supermarket after work.

D. He told me that I shouldn't forget to go to the supermarket after work.

16. "How much did you drink at the party last night?"

A. They asked him how much did he drink at the party last night.

B. They asked him how much I drank at the party the night before.

C. They asked him how much I had drunk at the party the night before.

D. They asked him how much he had drunk at the party the night before.

III. Each sentence has four underlined words or phrases marked A, B, C and D. Circle one underlined word or phrases that must be changed in order for sentence to be correct (1m)

17. It's (A) the first time (B) I saw (C) this film (D).

18. My brother hasn't (A) played (B) football for (C) last year (D).

19. She usually <u>has (A) a glass of (B)</u> milk after breakfast, <u>but (C)</u> now she <u>drinks (D)</u> a cup of coffee.

20. He said (A) that he will be (B) there (C) again the day after (D).

V. Rewrite these sentences without changing the meaning: (1m)

21. I haven't been to the cinema for two years.

=> The last time.....

22. "You stole the money, Joe, didn't you?" said the inspector.

=> The inspector accused.....

23. When you phoned me, it was my lunch time.

=> When you phoned me, I....

24. "Sue, can you remember to buy some bread?" said Paul.

=> Paul reminded.....

IV. Making a sentence from the words provided (1m)

25. If you/ invited to someone's house in America/ dinner, you should bring/ gift, such as a bunch/ flowers.

.....

26. It/ difficult/ arrange a date/ was convenient/ everyone.

27. Body language/ form/ non – verbal/

28. It is all right/ point/ thing but not at people/ the hand/ index finger.

Key

3. C 1. C 2. D 4. B 5. D 6. B 7. C 8. A 9. A 10. C

11. A 12. B 13. A 14. D 15. C 16. D 17. C 18. C 19. D 20. B

21. The last time I was to the cinema was two years ago.

22. The inspector accused Joe of stealing the money.

23. When you phoned me, I was having lunch.

24. Paul reminded Sue to buy some bread.

25. If you were invited to someone's house in America for having dinner, you should bring a gift, such as a bunch of flowers.

26. It was difficult to arrange a date which was convenient for everyone.

27. Body language is a form of non – verbal communication.

28. It is all right to point at things but not at people with the hand or index finger.

2. Đề kiểm tra 1 tiết môn Tiếng Anh số 2

TRƯỜNG THPT PHÙ Mỹ

KIÉM TRA 1 TIÊT HOC KÌ 1 NĂM HOC 2019 – 2020 Môn: TIẾNG ANH - LỚP 12

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC

Thời gian: 45 phút (không tính thời gian giao đề)

(Đề thi có 03 trang)

I. Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest

- **1. A.** requirements **B.** subject C. secondary D. levels **C.** particular D. wide 2. A. specialize **B.** variety 3. A. equivalent **B.** technique **C.** question **D.** quite 4. A. compound **B.** course **C.** around **D.** hour
- **5. A.** apply **B.** carefully **C.** entry **D.** discovery

II. Choose a, b, c, or d that best completes each unfinished sentence, substitutes the underlined part, or has a close meaning to the original one

6. He has been learning hard to prepare _____ the coming final exam.

A. for **B.** with C. on **D.** over

7. Assessment is commonly _____ form of written test.

B. of C. at D. in A. on

8. the end of the course, the students have to take an exam on four basic skills of the target language. A. In **B.** At C. On D. For 9. The position require a BA degree or something _____ **A.** equivalent **B.** equivalently **C.** equivalence **D.** equivalences 10. Statistics indicate that depressed patients are more likely to become ill than are _____ people. A. normal **B.** normally **C.** normality **D.** normalize **11.** They are university professors who in the history of the Russian empire. A. special **B.** specially **C.** specialize **D.** specialization 12. The purpose of secondary education is to give students common knowledge to _____ for either higher education or vocational education. C. ask **D.** demand **A.** require **B.** prepare **13.** Secondary education in Hong Kong is largely based on the British education _____. A. level **B.** work C. base D. system 14. In New Zealand students ______ secondary school at the ages from about 13 to 18. **B.** assess C. take **D.** attend A. do **15.** Secondary school in Pakistan begins from grade 9 and _____ for four years. A. lasts **B.** spends **C.** requires **D.** prepare 16. What is your major _____ at university? - Hearn physics. A. assessment **B.** evaluation **C.** subject **D.** purpose **17.** After the relevant A Level gualifications, the student can enter university. **A.** assuming **B.** attaining **C.** meeting **D.** earning 18. _____ school is very important for _____ country to develop. **C.** Ø/Ø A. The/a B. The IØ **D.** Ø/ a **19.** What time would we get there _____ the subway? A. we took **B.** if we take **C.** unless we take **D.** provided that we took **20.** If it _____ an hour ago, we would have stayed inside. A. rains **B.** rained **C.** had rained **D.** were raining **21.** If I feel too excited to sleep, I _____ reading one of our reports. D. would have tried **C.** would try **A.** will try **B.** try **22.** If he ______ well on the training courses last year, he ______ offered the promotion now. A. did/ were B. did/ would be **C.** had done/ would have been D. had done/ would be. 23. _____ I had learned English when I was at high school.

A. If **B.** Provided **C.** Unless **D.** If only **24.** _____ he gets here soon, we will have to start the meeting without him. C. Even if A. Unless **B.** If only D. If **25.** He took me to the university _____. **A.** he used to study **B.** in that he used to study **C.** where he used to study **D.** which he used to study **26.** _____ gets the highest grade will be awarded a scholarship. A. Student **B.** Any student **C.** Any student who **D.** Any student when **27.** He was the only American representative at the conference. A. when we met **C.** where we met **D.** we met whom **B.** we met **28.** My favorite month is always February ____ we celebrate Valentine's Day. A. that **B.** which **C.** in when **D.** in which I had been home late. 29. My father told me to tell him the reason _____ **C.** for that **D.** for why A. why **B.** which **30.** The Eiffel Tower ______ design was revolutionary at its time, is still a marvelous structure. A. which **B.** that C. whose **D.** whom III. Choose the sentence which has the closest meaning to the original one **31.** I did not come to your party due to the rain. A. If it did not rained, I would come to your party. **B.** It was the rain that prevented me from coming to your party. **C.** Even though it rained, I came to your party. **D.** Suppose it did not rain, I would come to your party. **32.** They got success since they took my advice. A. They took my advice, and failed. B. If they did not. take my advice, they would not get success. C. But for taking my advice, they would not have got success. **D.** My advice stopped them from getting success. **33.** Unless you come on time, we will go without you. **A.** Come on time or we will go without you. **B.** Come on time, we will go without you. **C.** Because of your punctuality, we will go without you. **D.** Without jour coming on time, we will go. **34.** Thanks to her high grades at university, she is offered the position. **A.** If she had not got high grades at university, she would not be offered the position.

B. It was her high grades at university which offer her the position.

C. If she had not got high grades at university, she would not have been offered the position.

D. Without her high grades at university, she is not offered the position.

35. I am very interested in the book you lent me last week.

A. The book is interesting enough for you to lend me last week.

B. It was the interesting book which you lent me last week.

C. The book which you lent me last week is too interesting to read.

D. The book that you lent me last week interests me a lot.

IV. Read the two passages carefully and choose the correct answer

The Test of English as a Foreign Language (or TOEFL for short) evaluates the potential success of an individual to use and understand Standard American English at a college level. It is required for non-native applicants at many English-speaking colleges and universities. Additionally, institutions such as government agencies, businesses, or scholarship programs may require this test. A TOEFL score is valid for two years and then is deleted from the official database. Colleges and universities usually consider only the most recent score. The TOEFL test is a registered trademark of Education Testing Service and is administered worldwide. The test was first administered in 1964 and has since been*taken by nearly 20 million students. Since its introduction in late 2005, the Internet-Based test (iBT) has progressively replaced both the computer-based (CBT) and paperbased (PBT) tests. The iBT has been introduced in with the United States, Canada, France, Germany, and Italy in 2005 and the rest of the world in 2006, with test centers added regularly. Although the demand for test seats was very high, and candidates had to wait for months, it is now possible to take the test within one to four weeks in most countries. The four-hour test consists of four sections, each measuring mainly one of the basic language skills (although some tasks may require multiple skills) focusing on language used in an academic, higher-education environment. Note-taking is allowed during the iBT. The test cannot be taken more than once a week.

36. TOEFL is required for all high school students in the US.

A. True B. False C. No information

37. Students in Vietnam can take iBT since 2005.

A. True B. False C. No information

38. There are no government agencies that require TOEFL.

A. True B. False C. No information

39. There are three forms of taking TOEFL.

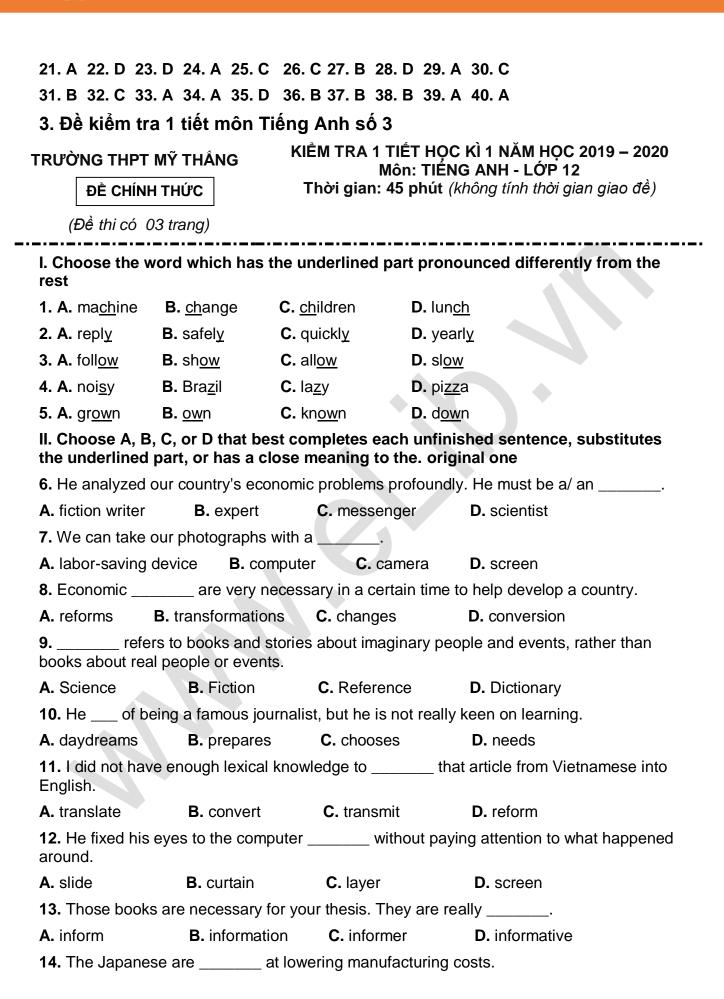
A. True B. False C. No information

40. The iBT takes four hours for each candidate to complete.

A. True B. False C. No information

Key

1. D 2. C 3. B 4. B 5. A 6. A 7. D 8. B 9. A 10. A 11. C 12. B 13. D 14. D 15. A 16. C 17. B 18. D 19. D 20. C



eLib

A. expert **B.** expertise **C.** expertly **D.** expertises **15.** After a nature disaster, there is always an _____ need for food and water. A. urgent B. urge **C.** urgently **D.** urgency 16. I am still not accustomed ______ the weather in London. Except _____ weather, I like everything there. A. up/ over **B.** on/ with \mathbf{C} . to/ for **D.** with/ from **17.** I'll be ready to leave about twenty minutes. Please come and pick me to the station. A. away/ toward **B.** in/ up C. for/ on **D.** at/ out **18.** Computers have had a great effect _____ our lives since its appearance. C. for **B.** at D. to A. on **19.** Don't keep shouting _____ me. I hate it. A. in **B.** for D. at **C.** with 20. What's the matter _____ you? You look pale and tired? A. on **B.** with C. for **D.** upon **21.** We are tired ______ doing the same work day after day. A. of C. for **B.** up D. over **22.** _____ the plane took off late, we still reached our destination on time. **A.** Though **B.** In spite **C.** Despite **D.** As though **23.** He had a terrible cold he insisted on going swimming. **A.** despite **B.** although **C.** in spite of **D.** but **24.** _____ I became a millionaire, I would carryon working. **A.** Even though **B.** Despite of **C.** In spite **D.** Although that **25.** _____, he managed to complete the race. **A.** In spite he was severely hurt **B.** Despite he was severely hurt **C.** Even though being severely hurt **D.** Despite being severely hurt **26.** In spite _____, we understood most of what he was saying. A. of he was lisping **B.** his lisp **C.** of his lisp **D.** he was lisping **27.** Mary is _____ independent woman with _____ wise and _____ enthusiasm. A. an/ \emptyset/\emptyset B. a/ the/ the C. the/ a/ an D. Ø/ a/ the 28. One of ______ students said, "_____ professor is late today. " A. the/ A **B.** the/ The **C.** Ø/ A **D.** a/Ø **29.** Peter, likes to play ______ volleyball, but he is not ______ good player. A. the/Ø **B.** Ø/ a **C.** the/ the D. a/ the

- **30.** My daughter is learning to play _____ violin at _____ school.
- A. the/ aB. a/ theC. the/ ØD. Ø/ the

III. Choose the sentence which has the closest meaning to the original one.

- **31.** Optimists believe that life will be far better than it is today.
- A. Optimists cannot tell any differences between today life and future life.
- **B.** It is believed by optimists that there will be no changes for life in the future.
- **C.** Optimists believe that today's life is not as good as it will be.
- D. Optimists believe that we will have a worse life in the future.
- 32. In spite of his poverty, he led a devoted life to the revolutionary cause.
- A. He could not devote his life to the revolutionary cause because of his poverty.
- **B.** If he had not been so poor, he could have devoted his life to the revolutionary cause.
- **C.** Poor as he was, he let a devoted life to the revolutionary cause.
- **D.** He led a devoted life to the revolutionary cause, but he was so poor.
- **33.** They did not let me in because I was not a member of the club.
- A. They invited me although I was not a member of the club.
- B. They did not allow me to enter because I was not a member of the club.
- C. They invited me to the clubs as if I had been a member.
- **D.** They asked me to get out of the club because I was not a member.
- 34. Can you account for your strange behavior?
- A. Does your strange behavior make anybody surprised?
- B. Can you please stop behaving strangely?
- C. Can you give a good explanation for your strange behavior?'
- D. Is your strange behavior only for me?
- 35. Most bosses cannot put up with irresponsibility.
- A. Irresponsibility is what most bosses are trying to find.
- B. Most bosses cannot tolerate irresponsibility.
- C. Irresponsibility is a must to please most bosses.
- **D.** Without responsibility, most bosses will not offer you a job.

IV. Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer.

Computer and telecommunications are already giving us access to large amounts of information. They are increasing our brain power. As computers become more powerful they will grow more intelligent. There seems no reason why machines should not become more intelligent than people in the future. Computers will start to design and build other computers. They will then be able to evolve. There will then be two forms of "life". Many thousands of years in the future there might be competition for power between computers and life. Which will win?

Well, computers certainly have many advantages over life. They can

- process large amounts of information quickly
- be switched off for years, then start to work perfectly when they are switched back on
- be made very small, and control tiny machines
- work together in networks to solve big problems

Furthermore

- Electronics is much simpler than life's chemistry and does not need liquid water.
- Unlike animals, which rely on plants to turn sunlight into chemical energy, semiconductors (the material that" computers are made from) can turn sunlight directly into electricity.

When you compare computers to people the advantages are even more obvious

- Computers do not have the instincts to fight which people seem to have.
- It takes only a few seconds to load a program into a computer but years to educate a human.
- When computers get out of date their information can be passed to new computers, but when people get old and die all their knowledge is lost.

For all these reasons computers are believed to be more successful and important than life many thousands of years in the future. It will be computers, not people, to colonize the other planets and explore the Galaxy. Life will be left behind on Earth, as a treasured relic of where computers came from. However, it is possible that computers and life might merge to make anew, even more powerful form of intelligent being.

36. In the future, mankind and computers will have a serious war for survival.

A. True B. False C. No information

37. A computer can design and build other ones.

A. True B. False C. No information

38. Computers will have instincts to fight as human beings do.

A. True B. False C. No information

39. If a computer has not been used for a long time, all data will lose.

A. True B. False C. No information

40. Computers will explore the universe.

A. True B. False C. No information

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Key
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1-A 2-A 3-C 4-D 5-D 6-B 7-C 8-A 9-B 10-A 11-A 12-D 13-D 14-A 15-A 16-C 17-B 18-A 19-D 20-B 21-A 22-A 23-D 24-A 25-D 26-C 27-A 28-B 29-B 30-C 31-C 32-C 33-B 34-C 35-B 36-C 37-A 38-B 39-B 40-A4. Đề kiểm tra 1 tiết môn Tiếng Anh số 4

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TRƯỜNG THPT TAM	QUAN KIÊ		: KÌ 1 NĂM HỌC 2019 – 2020 G ANH - LỚP 12
ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨ	СТ	-	không tính thời gian giao đề)
(Đề thi có 03 tran	g)		
I. Choose the word w rest (0,75 pts)	vith the underline	ed part pronounce	d differently from the
1. A. h <u>ea</u> r B. b <u>ea</u> r	C. w <u>ea</u> r	D. th <u>ere</u>	
2. A. r <u>i</u> ght B. rec <u>i</u> pe	e C. wr <u>i</u> te	D. r <u>i</u> pe	
3. A. to <u>mb</u> B. bo <u>mb</u>	ard C. co <u>mb</u>	D. cli <u>mb</u>	
II. Choose the word	which has a diffe	erent stress pattern	from the others (0,5 pts)
4. A. progressive	B. congestion	C. urbanised	D. creation
5. A. populated	B. industrialise	C. environment	D. inhabitant
III. Choose the best a	answer A, B, C o	r D to complete the	e sentence (2,5 pts)
6. We are thinking abo	out providing poor	r people n	nore cheap social services.
A. to B.	by	C. with	D. for
7. Marco Polo was bo family.	rn in 1254, in	Venice, Italy, into	wealthy merchant
A. Ø – a B.	the – a	C. the – the	D. Ø - the
8. Beethoven's talent		became evident and	l he gave his first public
A. show B.	audition	C. demonstration	D. performance
9 . At the age of 15, Pe	ele rep	utation as the power	ful goal scorer.
A. was gaining B.	gained	C. would gain	D. had gained
10. His father left New	York. The docto	r suggested he	there.
A. not stayed B.	won't stay	C. not stay	D. not go to stay
11. Jane Luu any bodies beyond Ne		be at the University o	of Hawaii while shefor
A. was using – search	ed B. used	I - had searched	
C. used - was searchi	ng D. had	used - searched	
			otal number of France, Spain and Italy,
A. relocation E	3. achievement	C. immigrants	D. anonymity
13. It is imperative tha policies.	t environmental p	protection	in all development
A. prioritize E	3. be prioritized	C. not prioritiz	e D. be prioritizing

14. Considered the gre	eatest composer of a	II time,	
A. Beethoven who cor	nbined vocals and in	struments in a new	v way
B. vocals and instrume	ents were combined	in a new way by B	eethoven
C. it was Beethoven w	ho combined vocals	and instruments ir	n a new way
D. Beethoven combine	ed vocals and instrum	nents in a new way	/
15.It is difficult for your	ng people to find	jobs in ru	ral areas.
A. cost-effective B.	time-consuming	C. year-round	D. well-paid
IV. Circle the correct dialogues (0,5 pts)	option (A, B, C or I	0) to complete ea	ch of the following
16. Do you fancy going	g to the cinema?		
A. I love playing sports	3.	B. Yeah! S	ounds good!
C. Really? I'm not that	keen on watching fil	ms. D. Me too!	
17. Are there any flats	to rent in the city cer	nter?	
A. Yes, but they are ex	kpensive B. Nic	ce. There are some	e shops nearby
C. Well, I've got it.	D. Th	at's fine. I will take	▶it.
V. Read the following to indicate the correc blanks. (1,25 pts)			or D on your answer sheet of the numbered
is (18) shortage (there are many empty situation. Along with (2	of housing and the m properties in the citie 21), the pr	narket is (19) es, (20) could roblem can be con	ssness, mainly because there with demand. Yet, d be used to ease the sidered two most thorny ironmental (22)
18. A. the	B. a	C. an	D. Ø
19. A. overcrowded	B. overwhelmed	C. overthrown	D. overloaded
20. A. that	B. who	C. which	D. where
21. A. employment	B. unemployment	C. unemployed	D. employed
22. A. improvement	B. impoverishment	C. impact	D. impression
VI. Read an article ab	out Elizabeth Taylo	or and choose the	e best answer. (1,25 pts)

Elizabeth Rosemond Taylor was born on February 27, 1932, in London, England. One of film's most celebrated stars, Elizabeth Taylor has **fashioned** a career that's covered more than six decades, accepting roles that have not only showcased her beauty, but her ability to take on emotionally charged characters.

Taylor's American parents, both art dealers, were residing in London when she was born. Soon after the outbreak of World War II, the Taylors returned to the United States and settled into their new life in Los Angeles. Performance was in Taylor's blood. Her mother had worked as an actress until she married. At the age of 3, the young Taylor started dancing, and eventually gave a recital for Princesses Elizabeth and Margaret. Not long after relocating to California a family friend suggested the Taylors' daughter take a screen test.

She soon signed a contract with Universal Studios, and made her screen debut at the age of 10 in There's One Born Every Minute (1942). She followed **that** up with a bigger role in Lassie Come Home (1943) and later The White Cliffs of Dover (1944).

Her breakout role, however, came in 1944 with National Velvet, in a role Elizabeth Taylor spent four months working to get. The film subsequently turned out to be a huge hit that pulled in more than \$4 million and made the 12-year-old actress a huge star.

23. Taylor ______.

- A. only accepted the roles to show her beauty
- B. gave a performance to the royal when she was small
- C. had some roles when she was at the age of 3
- D. moved to Los Angeles when World War II broke out.
- 24. Which of the following is **NOT** true about the Taylors?
- A. Her mother used to be an actress before getting married.
- **B.** Not until Taylor grew up, her family encouraged her to start with art.
- **C.** They lived in London at Taylor's birth.
- **D.** They were originally American.
- 25. The word 'fashioned' in the passage is closest in meaning to _____
- A. adapted B. ended C. shaped D. changed
- 26. Her role in National Velvet
- A. took her little time of working
- B. didn't help to make a huge amount of money
- C. marked the first enormous success of Taylor
- D. was taken when she was old
- 27. The word 'that' in the passage refers to _____
- A. the age of ten B. Universal Studios
- C. There's One Born Every Minute D. the contract

VII. Circle one option (A, B, C or D) to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions. (0,75 pts)

28. <u>A (A)</u> dolphin <u>is (B)</u> <u>a (C)</u> very intelligent <u>and (D)</u> lovely animal.

29. Last night, while (A) I studied (B) with my tutor, Jane called (C) and asked (D) me out.

30. His friends <u>suggested (A)</u> <u>that (B)</u> he <u>chooses (C)</u> Hanoi University <u>rather than (D)</u> National University. VIII. For each question, complete the new sentence so that it means the same as the given one. Use the CAPITAL word. Write the missing words in the given spaces. (2,5 pts)

An example has been done for you.

0. The number of young people working on farms has decreased sharply. DECREASE

--> There has been a sharp decrease in the number of young people working on farms.

31. The house is so spacious that the children can run up and down. ENOUGH

-->_

-->

-->

32. The best thing for you to do is to ask the teacher. SHOULD

33. The air pollution level has increased rapidly since the previous century. INCREASE

34. Harmful chemicals released into the environment can cause health problems. RESULT

-->_

35. Nowadays, many young boys are computer game addicts. ADDICTED

--> __ Key

1A 2B 3B 4C 5A 6C 7A 8D 9B 10C

11C 12C 13B 14D 15D 16B 17A 18B 19D 20C

21B 22C 23B 24B 25C 26C 27C 28A 29B 30C

31. The house is spacious enough for the children to run up and down.

32. You should ask the teacher.

33. There has been a rapid increase in the air pollution since the previous century.

34. Health problems can result from harmful chemicals released into the environment.

35. Nowadays, many young boys are addicted to computer games.

5. Đề kiểm tra 1 tiết môn Tiếng Anh số 5

TRƯỜNG THPT NGUYỄN DIÊU ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC (Đề thi có 03 trang)	KIỀM TRA 1 TIẾT HỌC KÌ 1 NĂM HỌC 2019 – 2020 Môn: TIẾNG ANH - LỚP 12 Thời gian: 45 phút (không tính thời gian giao đề)
	n your answer sheet to indicate the word whose other three in pronunciation in each of the following

1. A. gr <u>oo</u> m	B. bamb <u>oo</u>	C. ch <u>oo</u> se	D. bl <u>oo</u> d
2. A. motorbik <u>es</u>	B. determines	C. involv <u>es</u>	D. cultur <u>es</u>

II. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

3. A. pleasant	B. famous	C. suppose	D. mother
4. A. integrate	B. recognize	C. accurate	D. attractive

III. Mark the letter to each of the foll			to indicate the correct answer		
5. Peter f	or thirty minute	s before Mary arrived.			
A. had been waiting		B. would be waiting			
C. was waiting		D. has been waiting			
6. If she had known	n how awful this	s job was going to be, s	sheit.		
A. wouldn't have accepted		B. would have accepted			
C. would accept		D. wouldn't accept			
7. His handwriting i	is so bad that c	an't make w	hat he has written.		
A. up B. off	C. out	D. down			
8 , he ha	d no intention d	of waiting for three hour	rs.		
A. As for he was pa	atient	B. As he was patient			
C. Patient as he wa	as	D. He was patient thro	ugh		
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	So they leave th	*•	their lives on the farm like their nd well-paid jobs in the fast-		
A. long-term	B. up-to-date	C. weather-beaten	D. wide-ranging		
10. Remember that our cultural	-	s language, food and c	lothing are simply expressions of		
A. solidarity	B. identity	C. assimilation	D. celebration		
11. Susan has ach	ieved great	in her career tha	nks to her hard work.		
A. successfully	B. successful	C. succeed	D. success		
12. The house	in the storr	m has now been rebuilt			
A. destroyed	B. destroying	C. which destroye	d D. that is destroyed		
13. Laura said she	had worked or	the assignment since	·		
A. yesterday	B. two days ag	go C. the day before	D. the next day		
14 United	State is a pros	perous country.			
A. a	B. an	C. the	D. Ø (no article)		
15. Nowadays, the allowed to decide of			be young people are		
A. despite	B. but	C. even though	D. in spite of		
16. I	_ home when	I met my former teache	er.		
A. was walking	B. would walk	C. walked	D. had walked		
17. My son plays b	basketball for fu	ın. He doesn't take pra	ctice sessions		
A. seriously	B. definitely	C. clearly	D. reasonably		
18. Many young pe	eople have obje	ected to marria	age, which is decided by the		

parents of the bride and groom.

A. agreed	B. shared	C. contractual	D. sacrificed		
IV. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.					
	•	nany companies offere and make way for the y	d retirement plans as young ones who earned lower		
A. rewards	B. opportunities	C. motives	D. encouragements		
20. The burglar has got cold feet , when the dog started barking.					
A. angry	B. surprised	C. frightened	D. excited		
		our answer sheet to i lined word(s) in each	ndicate the word(s) of the following questions.		
21. In Western cult	ture, it is polite to n	naintain eye contact du	iring conversation.		
A. irresponsible	B. discourteous	C. insecure	D. informal		
22. Computer tech key component of	•••••	<u>cial</u> role in providing m	edical care, having become a		
A. significant	B. necessary	C. redundant	D. basic		
	• A, B, C, or D on y of the following ex		indicate the option that best		
23. Two students a	are talking about the	e school curriculum.			
- Ted: "Swimming s	should be made pa	rt of the school curricul	lum."		
- Kate: " I	t is an essential life	skill."			
A. Not at all.	В.	You can make it.			
C. I can't agree with you more. D. Oh, that's a problem.					
24. John and Alice	are talking about g	oing to the movie.			
~ John: "I was won	dering if you'd like	to go to a movie tonigh	nt."		
~ Alice: "	. What's playin	g?"			
A. Sure, I'd love to	! B. No, I do	on't like it			
B. C. Yes, I did	D. No, that	nks			
VII. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 25 to 29.					
considerations, am hosting the Olympi for budgets to doul (the opening and c	nong which the finar ics can (25) ble or even triple. In closing ceremonies,	tens of billions of do addition to the direct of athletes' village, secur	ount of several nost important. The costs of llars, and it is commonplace costs of hosting the Games rity, etc.), cities often must orts. Once constructed, sports		

While costs are the **(27)** _____ concern for a host city, there are other factors to consider. For one, an Olympic host city may receive substantial revenue from ticket sales,

venues often incur additional maintenance costs long after the Games have ended.

tourist spending, corporate sponsorship, and television rights. Cities such as Los Angeles (1984) and Seoul (1988) actually made a large profit from the Games they hosted. **(28)**

_____, hosting the Olympic Games confers prestige on a host city and country, which can lead to increased trade and tourism. The Olympics are also an opportunity to invest in projects (29) _____ improve the city's quality of life, such as new transportation systems.

(Adapted from "Skillful Reading & Writing 4" by Mike Boyle and Lindsay Warwick)

25. A. surmount	B. outnumber	C. overcharge	D. exceed
26. A. on	B. for	C. at	D. in
27. A. influential	B. primary	C. supplementary	D. instrumental
28. A. Otherwise	B. However	C. For example	D. In addition
29. A. what	B. which	C. whom	D. who

VIII. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 30 to 34.

Books which give instructions on how to do things are very popular in the United States today. Thousands of these how-to books are useful. In fact, there are about four thousand books with titles that begin with the words "How to". One book may tell you how to earn more money. Another may tell you how to save or spend it and another may explain how to give your money away.

Many How-to books give advice on careers. They tell you how to choose a career and now to succeed in **it**. If you fail; however, you can buy the book "How to Turn Failure into Success". If you would like to become very rich, you can buy the book "How to Make a Millionaire". If you never make any money at all, you may need a book called "How to Live on Nothing".

One of the most popular types of books is one that helps you with personal problems. If you want to have a better love of life, you can read "How to Succeed in Love every Minute of Your Life". If you are tired of books on happiness, you may prefer books which give **step- by-step** instructions on how to redecorate or enlarge a house.

Why have How-to books become so popular? Probably because life has become so complex. Today people have far more free time to use, more choices to make, and more problems to solve. How-to books help people deal with modern life.

30. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. How to succeed in love B. How to turn failure into success
- C. How to make a millionaire D. How-to books

31. The word "it" in paragraph 2 refers to_____.

A. advice B. instruction C. how-to book D. career

32. Which of the following is NOT the book giving information on careers?

A. "How to Succeed in Love every Minute of Your Life"

B. How to Live on Nothing"

C. "How to Make a Millionaire"

D. "How to Turn Failure into Success"

33. The word "step-by-step" in paragraph 3 is closet in meaning to_.

- A. little by little B. gradually
- **C.** slower and slower **D.** A and B
- 34. It can be inferred from the passage that____
- A. Today people are more bored with the modern life
- B. Today people have fewer choices to make
- C. Modern life is more difficult to deal with
- D. Today people are more interested in modern life

XIX. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions

We are descendants of the ice age. Periods of glaciations have spanned the whole of human existence for the past 2 million years. The rapid melting of the continental glaciers at the end of the last ice age spurred one of the most dramatic climate changes in the history of the planet. During this interglacial time, people were caught up in a cataclysm of human accomplishment, including the development of agriculture and animal husbandry. Over the past few thousand years, the Earth's climate has been extraordinarily **beneficial**, and humans have prospered exceedingly well under a benign atmosphere.

Ice ages have dramatically affected life on Earth almost from the very beginning. It is even possible that life itself significantly changed the climate. All living organisms pull carbon dioxide out of the atmosphere and eventually store it in sedimentary rocks within the Earth's crust. If too much carbon dioxide is lost, too much heat escapes out into the atmosphere. This can cause the Earth to cool enough for glacial ice to spread across the land.

In general, the reduction of the level of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere has been equalized by the input of carbon dioxide from such events as volcanic eruptions. Man, however, is upsetting the equation by burning fossil fuels and destroying tropical rain forests, both of which release stored carbon dioxide. <u>This</u> energizes the greenhouse effect and causes the Earth to warm. If the warming is significant enough, the polar ice caps eventually melt.

The polar ice caps drive the atmospheric and oceanic circulation systems. Should the ice caps melt, warm tropical waters could circle the globe and make this a very warm, **inhospitable** planet.

Over the past century, the global sea level has apparently risen upwards of 6 inches, mainly because of the melting of glacial ice. If present warming trends continue, the seas could rise as much as 6 feet by the next century. This could flood coastal cities and fertile river deltas, where half the human population lives. Delicate wetlands, where many marine species breed, also would be reclaimed by the sea. In addition, more frequent and severe storms would batter coastal areas, adding to the disaster of the higher seas.

The continued melting of the great ice sheets in polar regions could cause massive amounts of ice to crash into the ocean. This would further raise the sea level and release more ice, which could more than double the area of sea ice and increase correspondingly the amount of sunlight reflected back into space. The cycle would then be complete as this could cause global temperatures to drop enough to initiate another ice age.

35. According to the passage, carbon dioxide is stored in each of the following EXCEPT **A.** polar ice caps **B.** sedimentary rocks **C.** rain forests **D.** fossil fuel **36.** What does the final paragraph of the passage mainly discuss? **A.** The relationship between the ocean and the sun. **B.** A rise in global temperatures. **C.** The amount of sunlight reflected into space. **D.** The conditions that could lead to an ice age. **37.** According to the passage, what is the relationship between carbon dioxide and the Earth's climate? A. Carbon dioxide, which is trapped in glacial ice, is released when warm temperatures cause the ice melt. **B.** The greenhouse effect, which leads to the warming of the climate, is result of too much carbon stored in the Earth's crust. **C.** Rain causes carbon dioxide to be washed out of the atmosphere and into the ocean. **D.** An increase in atmospheric carbon dioxide results in the warming of the climate. 38. The word "beneficial" in the first paragraph is closest in meaning to____ A. calm **B.** inviting **C.** thoughtful D. favorable **39.** It can be inferred from the passage that the development of agriculture **A.** preceded the development of animal husbandry. **B.** withstood vast changes in the Earth's climate. **C.** did not take place during an ice age. **D.** was unaffected by the greenhouse effect. **Question 40.** The word "this" in the third paragraph refers to **A.** man's upsetting the equation **B.** the melting of the polar ice caps **C.** a volcanic eruption **D.** the reduction of the level of carbon dioxide. Key 1D 2A 3**B** 4D 5A 6A 7C **3**C 9C 10C 11D 12A 13C 14C 15C 16A 17A 18C 19D 20C 21B 22C 23C 24A 25B 26C 27C 28D 29B 30D 31D 32A 33D 34C 35A 36D 37A 38D 39D 40C 6. Đề kiểm tra 1 tiết môn Tiếng Anh số 6 KIÊM TRA 1 TIẾT HỌC KÌ 1 NĂM HỌC 2019 – 2020 TRƯỜNG THPT NGÔ LÊ TÂN Môn: TIÊNG ANH - LỚP 12 Thời gian: 45 phút (không tính thời gian giao đề) ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC (Để thi có 03 trang)

		ь	н		
	J	L	u		C

I. Choose the wo	ord that has differe	ent stress pattern	from that of the rest.		
1. A. survival	B. valuable	C. condition	D. gorilla		
2. A. accurate	B. protection	C. subject	D. surgeon		
II. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.					
3. A. d <u>e</u> pend	B. r <u>e</u> duce	C. b <u>e</u> tween	D. l <u>eo</u> pard		
4. A. ch <u>ew</u>	B. dr <u>ew</u>	C. gr <u>ew</u>	D. f <u>ew</u>		
5. A. t <u>v</u> pe	B. d <u>i</u> gest	C. aborigine	D. descr <u>i</u> be		
III. Choose the b	est answer (A, B,	C or D) to the sen	tence below.		
6. The committee of different people of different views.					
A. composes	B. comprises	C. consists	D. contains		
7. The scientific s	tudy of life and stru	cture of plants and	animals is called		
A. botany	B. biology	C. zoology	D. technology		
8. Endangered animals should be well protected in their natural					
A. situation	B. position	C. habitat	D. status		
9. There are differ	rent of bool	ks for people to rea	ad in different ways.		
A. models	B. styles	C. sizes	D. types		
10. There are a lo	ot of of pollu	ution from our mode	ern world.		
A. bases	B. resources	C. foundation	D. sources		
11. The diesel engine was named its inventor Rudolf Diesel.					
A. along	B. to	C. after	D. with		
12. Inflation and u	inemployment can	some com	panies to the verge of bankruptcy.		
A. show	B. led	C. cause	D. drive		
13. This superhig	hway is about 7000) miles in			
A. depth	B. width	C. weight	D. length		
14. Reviewers de	scribes this novel _	" hard-to-put	-down".		
A. about	B. resembles	C. as	D. like		
15. When you are	e holiday, yo	u may "swallow " a	good story because of lack of time.		
A. at	B. in	C. for	D. on		
16. _"Can I carry manage"	the bag for you? It	seems very heavy.	" _" I can		
A. No, thanks	B. You are welcom	ne			
C. Sorry	D. Yes, please				
17. " Do you mind	l driving?" - "				
A. Never mind, th	ank you B. Yo	ou're welcome			
C. Yes, please	D. l'm	n feeling pretty tired	J.		

18. "You can all come to my party?" - " _____ " **D.** Thanks a lot A. Yes, I shall. **B.** Excellent! **C.** Yes, already **19.** "Would you mind if I smoked?" - " **A.** Yes, please don't **B.** Not at all **C.** Yes, please do **D.** No, please! **20.** You should hand him this letter of recommendation when you _____ there tomorrow. A. came **B.** come **C.** will come **D.** are going to come **21.** I ______ with my parents here when I was a child. A. have lived **B.** lived **C.** had lived **D.** was living 22. They have lived next door to us for years, _____ we hardly ever see them. A. so **B.** yet **C.** however **D.** therefore **23.** There is still much to discuss. We shall, , return to this item at our next meeting. A. so **B.** therefore **C.** however **D.** already **24.** The drainage of wetlands, cutting of forests, ____ and road and dam construction have destroyed natural habitats. A. urban **B.** urbanization **C.** preservation **D.** conservation 25. Many people thought that television with color, picture and action could replace books, but, _____, it hasn't killed reading. **B.** because C. in fact **D.** therefore A. however **26.** You _____ go on diet; but you _ ____ eat sensibly. A. must/ needn't B. needn't/ must C. should/ needn't **D.** don't need/ should **27.** If the pain has gone, you ______ take any more of these tablets. A. needn't **C.** won't need **B.** should D. have to 28. Different conservation measures _____ so as to save vulnerable species. **A.** can't have been taken **B.** have been taken C. must have taken **D.** would have taken **29.** I didn't meet him yesterday. He _____ on business. **A.** should go **B.** should have gone C. must go **D.** must have gone **30.** The boss has got angry. I _____ more careful when I talked to him. A. need have been **B.** must have been **C.** should have been **D.** can have been **31.** It's a pity she didn't take her doctor's advice. She wishes ______. **A.** she takes her doctor's advice **B.** she would take her doctor's advice **C.** she had taken her doctor's advice **D.** she took her doctor's advice 32. " She will have to correct the mistakes " means that " ____ " A. The mistakes will have to be corrected. B. The mistakes will be have to correct.

D. The mistakes will have been to correct.

C. The mistakes will be had to correct.

33. Who did you help? **A.** Who was helped you? **B.** Who was helped by you? **C.** Who helped you? **D.** Who did you be helped? **34.** The furniture was so expensive that I didn't buy it. **A.** The furniture was very expensive that I didn't buy it. **B.** The furniture was too expensive for me to buy. **C.** The furniture was too expensive for me to buy it. **D.** The furniture was too expensive that I didn't buy it. 35. _____, I would have learned how to read. A. Unless I had been go to school as a child **B.** If I been able to go to school as a child **C.** If I could be able to go to school as a child **D.** Had I been able to go to school as a child IV. Which underlined part needs correcting? 36. <u>A lot of articles about</u> the <u>environmental</u> pollution <u>have written</u> by my classmates. A. have written **B.** environmental **C.** about **D.** A lot of 37. Some people think that more and more people have television in their homes, less and less people will buy books to read. **C.** in their homes **A.** will buy B. more and more D. less and less 38. Plant and animal extinct leads to a loss of biodiversity, so maintaining biodiversity is important for us in many ways. B. a loss A. extinct **C.** so **D.** in many ways 39. This kind of grass can grow only in loosen sand on the crest. A. only in B. on the C. grass D. loosen sand 40. The tourist guide only has a twenty-dollar bill with her when she landed at the airport. B. has A. when C. at **D.** twenty-dollar bill Key 1. B 3. D 4. D 5. C 6. C 7. B 8. C 9. D 2. B 10. D 11. C 12. B 13. D 14. C 15. B 16. A 17. A 18. B 19. B 20. B 21. B 22. C 23. B 24. B 25. A 26. B 27. A 28. B 29. D 30. C 31. C 32. A 33. B 34. B 35. D 36. A 37. D 38. A 39. D 40. B 7. Đề kiểm tra 1 tiết môn Tiếng Anh số 7 KIÊM TRA 1 TIẾT HỌC KÌ 1 NĂM HỌC 2019 – 2020 TRƯỜNG THPT HOÀI NHƠN Môn: TIẾNG ANH - LỚP 12

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC

Thời gian: 45 phút (không tính thời gian giao đề)

(Đề thi có_03 trang)

I. Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from that of the other words

1. A. internet	B. challenging	C. message	D. accessible
2. A. inhabitant	B. important	C. facility	D. opportunity

II. Read the passage below and choose the correct answer to each of the following questions:

DON'T CALL ME

You can't go anywhere these days without hearing the buzz of mobile phone. If that noise isn't enough to drive you mad, have you noticed that people who use mobile phones have louder voices than everyone else? When you shout that loudly, you don't need a phone, the person you are calling will probably hear you anyway.

People who have mobile phones say that they can't live without them, but they managed quite well before they had them. You cannot escape them; you hear them on buses and trains, in street, at the supermarket, even in places where you expect it to be quiet, like cinemas, theaters and libraries. Is there anything more annoying than having to listen to unnecessarily loud voices talking to people who aren't there, while you are trying to enjoy a pleasant diner at a "quiet" restaurant? I find it rude and antisocial. Even school kids have mobile phones now. A teacher I know told me not long ago that lessons were often interrupted by phones ringing.

More seriously, mobile phones can be dangerous. According to the police, about a quarter of all road accidents are caused by people driving while using mobile phones.

D. sick

- 3. What is the writer's aim in the article?
- A. To say what the police think about mobile phones
- B. To express his/her dislike of mobile phones
- **C.** To describe the benefits of mobile phones.
- **D.** To give information about mobile phones.
- 4. What is the writer's main complaint?
- A. Mobile phones are antisocial.
- B. Mobile phones are very dangerous
- C. You cannot have private conversations.
- **D.** We cannot live without mobile phones.
- 5. How does the writer feel about using mobile phones in public places?

A. worried B. excited C. annoyed

6. What does the writer think?

- A. Children do not go to lessons anymore.
- **B.** Children should not talk on the phone.

C. Children shouldn't talk loudly during lessons.

D. There are interruptions to lessons because of mobile phone.

7. Which of the following signs would the writer like to see in restaurant?

A. Do not disturb. People are eating.

B. Using a mobile phone is dangerous.

C. Do not eat and talk at the same time.

D. Please turn your mobile phone off.

III. Choose the underlined part that needs correction:

8. <u>Life expectancy has increased</u> a great deal <u>in spite of</u> modern medicine and <u>technology</u>.

A. Life expectancy B. has increased C. in spite of D. technology

9. You can use the Internet to find information and chatting with friends.

A. can use **B.** find information **C.** with friends **D.** chatting

10. Harry told that he had been to Africa and it was very interesting.

A. had been B. told that C. interesting D. it was

11. We carried out our friendship through letters; he was a pen pal.

A. pen pal B. through C. carried out D. friendship

IV. Choose the sentence (A, B, C or D) that is closest in meaning to the one provided in italics:

12. A bridge has been built across the river. This is very convenient.

A. Once a bridge has been built across the river, it is very convenient.

B. A bridge has been built across the river, which is very convenient.

C. A bridge has been built across the river which is very convenient.

D. A bridge has been built across the river, so this is very convenient.

13. Mary loves learning English, but she is not very good.

A. Although Mary enjoys learning English, she doesn't learn well.

B. Mary likes learning English because she is not very good at it.

C. Mary enjoys learning English, but she doesn't practice.

D. Although she doesn't learn English well, but Mary enjoys it.

14. The alarm went off just as they came out of the building.

A. Hardly had they come out of the building than the alarm went off.

B. No sooner had they come out of the building when the alarm went off.

C. Scarcely had they come out of the building when the alarm went off.

D. The alarm had gone off before they came out of the building.

15. The bus left before she got to the bus stop.

A. By the time she got to the bus stop, the bus had already left.

- **B.** She got to the bus stop before the bus left.
- C. The bus left as soon as she got to the bus stop.

D. When she got to the bus stop, the bus has left.

V. Read the passage and choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits each space:

YOU CAN'T ESCAPE THE INTERNET!

Over the last few years, the use of the internet (16) ______ dramatically in French schools, offices and homes and this trend continues to grow. Who would have imagined, even in the last decade, that we would be able to (17) ______ our friends, colleagues and clients around the world simply through the (18) ______ of a mouse or modem? There is no doubt, like any invention, that the Internet can be used for good and bad but it is here to stay and has revolutionized the way we communicate.

In the world of business, no cooperation can be competitive unless it has (19) ______ to the Internet. It has become essential to advertise product and service in this way and increasing number of companies are using this opportunity to reach a great number of potential consumers. Indeed, the bigger the web site, (20) _____ professional the company seems to be.

16. A. was increasin	g B. increased	C. has increased	D. had increased		
17. A. keep touch	B. talk	C. contact	D. stay in touch		
18. A. clap	B. tick	C. running	D. click		
19. A. use	B. download	C. approach	D. access		
20. A. more	B. the most	C. more and more	D. the more		
VI. Choose the best option among A, B, C or D to complete each of the following sentences					
21. My mother recovered quickly her serious illness.					
A. of B. 1	from C. ov	ver D. in			
22. Tom	the exam when the t	eacher the	papers.		
A. have finished / collected B. was finishing / had collected					

C. had finished / collected D. finished / had collected

23. Young people are starting to practice simple green lives, ______ will help to save our planet for future generation.

A. who B. which C. that D. when

24. They share the flat ______ take turns to do the washing up.

A. or **B.** so **C.** and

25. I like chocolate <u>as well as</u> milk.

A. so B. rather than C. but

26. Scientists are becoming more and more concerned about how to	_ waste
safely.	

D. but

D. and

A. run out B. reduced C. get rid D. dispose of

27. People join and volunteer _____ they believe the cause is right. A. but C. because B. so D. or **28.** The meeting has been put ______ to Friday as so many people have got flu. C. in A. out B. on **D.** off **29.** Last week I was called for my first interview. When I ______ there, there were a lot of young people who _____ before me. **A.** got / were arriving B. got / arrived **C.** got / had arrived **D.** had got / arrived **30.** Organic farming avoids the use of ______ fertilizers and pesticides. **C.** chemist A. chemicals **B.** chemical **D.** chemistry **31.** People think that natural resources are never used up. **B.** increased **C.** run away A. depleted **D.** given away 32. They didn't like the house even though they ____ there for years. A. had been living **B.** were living **C.** lived **D.** have lived VII. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the other words: **C.** developed **D.** promised **33. A.** reduced **B.** copi<u>ed</u> C. realized **34.** A. increased **B.** closed **D.** erased Kev 1D 2D 3B 4D 5C 6D 7D 8C 9D 10B 11C 12B 13A 14C 15A 16C 17C 18D 19D 20D 21B 22C 23B 24C 25D 26A 27C 28D 29C 30B 31A 32A 33B 34A 8. Đề kiếm tra 1 tiết môn Tiếng Anh số 8 TRƯỜNG THPT KIỂM TRA 1 TIẾT HỌC KÌ 1 NĂM HỌC 2019 – 2020 Môn: TIẾNG ANH - LỚP 12 NGUYỄN HỒNG ĐAO **Thời gian: 45 phút** (không tính thời gian giao đề) ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC (Đề thi có 03 trang) I. Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest. **1. A.** information C. scientific **D.** automatic **B.** necessary **D.** transportation 2. A. diagnostic **B.** preparation **C.** technology 3. A. never **B.** follow **C.** pilot **D.** reply 4. A. fiction **B.** office **C.** machine **D.** expert **B.** computer 5. A. camera **C.** vegetable **D.** everything

II. Choose a, b, c, or d that best completes each unfinished sentence, substitutes the underlined part, or has a close meaning to the original one.

6. People used to know more or less how their children would live. A. almost **B.** generally **C.** lately **D.** definitely 7. Our children should be educated and trained well enough to perform the jobs of contemporary society. **C.** fiction A. safe **B.** diagnostic **D.** high-tech **8.** Two thousand people are as having cancer of the mouth every year; and 60 per cent of them will die within five years. C. checked **A.** regarded **B.** diagnosed **D.** killed 9. John has sent five letters to his friend but he has not received any reply. **C**. letter D. answer A. information **B.** postscript 10. Peter is so _____ that he never thinks of anything bad and unsuccessful. **A.** optimistic **B.** disappointed **C.** pessimistic **D.** keen **11.** In case of _____, you can call me at the office. **A.** fiction **B.** automation **C.** urgency **D.** importance **12.** I sometimes read ______ fictions in my spare time. A. science **B.** scientific **C.** scientist **D.** scientifically **13.** ______ surely leads to the loss of many factory jobs. C. Automate **A.** Automatic **B.** Automation **D.** Automatically **14.** We needed some more money for the _____ work and Peter promised to help us. A. prepare **B.** preparation **C.** preparatory **D.** prepared **15.** I cannot really imagine what _____ world will be like. C. the **A.** a B. an D.Ø **16.** _____ United States is _____ world's biggest consumer of energy. **B.** Ø/ a C. An/ the D. The/Ø A. The/ the 17. Miss Linda speaks _____ Chinese very well although she is from _____ UK. A. the/Ø **B.** a/Ø C. the/ an D. Ø/ the **18.** We sometimes have _____ pizza for _____ lunch. **C.** a/ the A. the/a **B.** Ø/Ø D. the/ the **19.** Which is ______ highest mountain in the world? B. an C. the D.Ø A.a **20.** She had not studied well, fortunately she passed the final exam. **C.** despite **D.** in spite of **A.** although **B.** but **21.** _____ we have worked overtime for weeks, we have not completed the project. **A.** In spite of **B.** Even though the fact that

C. Despite	D. Despite the	fact that			
22. Although she h	as live in London	for three years, _			
A. but she cannot s	speak English	B. she cannot sp	beak English		
C. but cannot spea	k English	D. and cannot s	peak English		
23. In spite	_ his did not get t	he highest grade	in the final exam.		
A. of his intelligenc	A. of his intelligence B. he was intelligent				
C. his intelligence	D. of he	was intelligent			
24. We had the sch	nool picnic				
A. even though the	rain B. despit	te of the rain			
C. although it rainir	ng D. in spi	te of the rain			
25. She looked	to see who	was going	her.		
A. round/ after	B. up/ off	C. at/ to D.	for/ with		
26. She is a friendly	y girl who gets	everyone s	she meets.		
A. out of	B. on with	C. away from	D. into		
27. I had my sister take care my children while I was business.					
A. with/ for	B. in/ away	C. for/ in	D. of/ on		
28. He took a lot of interest our work and he promised to help us any troubles.					
A. in/ with	B. for/ on	C. about/ at	D. for/ from		
29. Are you very familiar that new device?					
A. upon	B. over	C. with	D. for		
30. According people by 2020.	the US Cens	us Bureau the wo	orld's population will reach 7. 6 billion		
A. to	B. in	C. for	D. through		

III. Error Identification

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31. <u>In 2030 (A)</u>, how <u>we will provide (B)</u> for the food, land, and energy <u>needs (C)</u> of a global population of <u>over 8 billion (D)</u>?

32. Many people are <u>afraid (A)</u> that in the future <u>there will be (B)</u> no space <u>leaving</u> (C) for human beings and they express the idea of robots <u>replacing (D)</u> human beings.

33. Human beings enjoy their life with <u>more and more (A)</u> progress of science and <u>technological (B)</u>, but it is also very <u>necessary (C)</u> to think more about the problems that modern machines and <u>devices (D)</u> may cause.

34. Cars of the future <u>will be using (A)</u> <u>advanced (B)</u> technology to <u>perform (C)</u> such functions as automatic cruise control, hazardous object avoidance, self- parking <u>but (D)</u> driverless transportation.

35. In the future smart cars will <u>also (A)</u> be intelligent <u>enough (B)</u> to avoid pedestrians <u>bicycle riders (C)</u> and others <u>whom (D)</u> are not driving automobiles.

IV. Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer

Consider activities that most take for granted, particularly those who live in industrialized nations: drinking a glass of water; driving a car or traveling by mass transportation; living in a decent house or apartment; using modern household appliances; using tools to build, fix and repair; even breathing fresh air. These activities improve our quality of life. Have you considered that to do all of the above requires the availability of natural resources, whether used as raw materials or in finished products?

The United Nations predicts that the global population will increase from the present 6. 65 billion to 7. 95 billion by the year 2025. At the same time, the world is becoming more prosperous. The average person is consuming more food, water, energy and metals. Multiple millions in nations that were once poor are now moving into the middle class. They are driving cars, acquiring household appliances, using electronic gadgets and adopting high-protein diets, similar to Western industrialized nations. The subject of natural resources has been in the news for years. The media has long reported that the world's supply of oil, minerals, fresh water, and lumber are in danger of running out. Yet very few people take this seriously.

Within the next 50 years, the world's population is projected to rise by 40%. This growth, coupled with increasing industrialization and urbanization, will result in greater demand for water. Water will become much scarcer. The United Nations figures suggest that there are around 300 potential conflicts over water all over the world. According to the World Health Organization (WHO), about one-sixth of the world's population lacks access to clean water, while 40% are without access to proper sanitation services.

36. Which future problems are referred in the text?

- A. industrialization and transportation B. natural resources and water
- C. household appliances and food D. cars and tools
- 37. The first paragraph means that _____
- A. all things that make our lives convenient and comfortable need natural resources
- B. people who live in industrialized countries travel everywhere by car
- C. people can enjoy more and more fresh air in the future
- D. we need more finished products than raw materials
- **38.** According to the second paragraph, _____.
- A. population will decrease
- B. many people will become poorer
- **C.** people use more food and energy **D.** there will be no poor people
- 39. Natural resources _____.
- A. will never be used up
- B. have not ever been mentioned by the media
- C. have been the subject of the media for many years
- D. are being renovated.
- 40. According to the text, _____.
- A. industrialization and urbanization have greater demand for water
- B. clean water is always available for everybody all the -time
- C. we will find more and more sources of safe water

D. everybody on earth will be supplied enough safe water in the future				
Кеу				
1B 2C 3D 4C				
11C 12A 13B 140				
21D 22B 23A 24I				
31B 32C 33B 34I		-		
9. Để kiếm tra 1	•			
TRƯỜNG THPT NGI	JYỄN CỪ KI		ỌC KÌ 1 NĂM HỌC 2019 – 2020 ÊNG ANH - LỚP 12	
ĐỀ CHÍNH TH	IÚC	-	t (không tính thời gian giao đề)	
(Đề thi có 03 ti	rang)			
I. Choose the word	d whose underline	ed part is differen	t from the rest	
1. A. leav <u>es</u>	B. doctors	C. ideas	D. keep <u>s</u>	
2. A. system <u>s</u>	B. pet <u>s</u>	C. hats	D. break <u>s</u>	
3. A. talk <u>ed</u>	B. miss <u>ed</u>	C. call <u>ed</u>	D. laugh <u>ed</u>	
4. A. wretch <u>ed</u>	B. occurr <u>ed</u>	C. watched	D. help <u>ed</u>	
5. A. rent <u>ed</u>	B. need <u>ed</u>	C. enjoy <u>ed</u>	D. pollut <u>ed</u>	
II. Choose the wor	d which is stress	ed differently fron	n the rest	
6. A. recently	B. facial	C. tomorrow	D. confidence	
7. A. communicate	B. impatient	C. interesting	D. apologize	
8. A. carpet	B. visit	C. summer	D. include	
9. A. expression	B. example	C. friendliness	D. superior	
10. A. nervous	B. body	C. verbal	D. polite	
III. Choose A, B, C, or D that best completes each unfinished sentence or substitutes the underlined part				
11. She told him	<u> </u>			
A. patient B	to be patient	C. was patient	D. that being patient	
12. Dani Alves aske	ed me if I thought _	·		
A. it will rain today	B. it will rain	that day		
C. it would rain toda	ay D. it would ra	ain that day		
13. Kantic asked m	e the hom	nework that week.		
A. that she must do	B. if she has	to do		
C. if she had to do	D. if did she	have to do		
14. Lewis wanted to	o know if I was leav	ring the F	riday.	
A. following	3. ago	C. previous	D. before	

	d me the week before.					
A. where had I g	gone B. where I had gone					
C. where did I gone D. I had gone where						
16. I to t	the shops, but I anything because I my wallet.					
A. go / cannot b	ouy / will lose					
B. was going / d	did not buy / have lost					
C. am going / ar	m not buying / will lose					
D. went / could r	not buy / had lost					
17. I w some rest.	vell recently. I to see my doctor yesterday. He said that I					
A. do not sleep /	/ went / would need					
B. have not slep	pt / went / needed					
C. did not sleep	/go / will need					
D. had not slept	t / went / had needed					
18. They	him for weeks.					
A. do not see	B. did not see					
C. have not see	en D. will not have seen					
19. Every day La because there is	aura on the computer, but today she a typewriter s no power.					
A. types / is usir	ng B. is tying / uses	A. types / is using B. is tying / uses				
C. has typed / will use D. types / has used						
C. has typed / w	vill use D. types / has used					
	vill use D. types / has used at she hadn't visited the US					
20. She said tha A. before	at she hadn't visited the US	В.				
20. She said tha A. before	at she hadn't visited the US B. then C. now D. ago	B.				
20. She said thatA. before21. Students of tA. to	at she hadn't visited the US B. then C. now D. ago the final years are always pressure of finding a well-paying jol	В.				
20. She said thatA. before21. Students of tA. to	at she hadn't visited the US B. then C. now D. ago the final years are always pressure of finding a well-paying jol B. in C. about D. under	B.				
 20. She said that A. before 21. Students of the second seco	at she hadn't visited the US B. then C. now D. ago the final years are always pressure of finding a well-paying jol B. in C. about D. under s join hands to give us a nice house and a happy home.	В.				
 20. She said that A. before 21. Students of the second seco	at she hadn't visited the USB. thenC. nowD. agothe final years are always pressure of finding a well-paying jolB. inC. aboutD. unders join hands to give us a nice house and a happy home.B. manageC. help togetherD. work together	В.				
 20. She said that A. before 21. Students of the second seco	at she hadn't visited the US B. then C. now D. ago the final years are always pressure of finding a well-paying jol B. in C. about D. under s join hands to give us a nice house and a happy home. B. manage C. help together D. work together s have fun by causing trouble. He's a very boy.	Β.				
 20. She said that A. before 21. Students of the second seco	at she hadn't visited the US B. then C. now D. ago the final years are always pressure of finding a well-paying jol B. in C. about D. under s join hands to give us a nice house and a happy home. B. manage C. help together D. work together s have fun by causing trouble. He's a very boy. B. mischievous C. well-behaved D. smart	Β.				
 20. She said that A. before 21. Students of the second seco	at she hadn't visited the US B. then C. now D. ago the final years are always pressure of finding a well-paying jol B. in C. about D. under b. in C. about D. under c join hands to give us a nice house and a happy home. B. manage C. help together D. work together s have fun by causing trouble. He's a very boy. B. mischievous C. well-behaved D. smart asn't seen his older brother at least thirty years.	Β.				
 20. She said that A. before 21. Students of the second seco	at she hadn't visited the US B. then C. now D. ago the final years are always pressure of finding a well-paying jol B. in C. about D. under b. in C. about D. under c join hands to give us a nice house and a happy home. B. manage C. help together D. work together s have fun by causing trouble. He's a very boy. B. mischievous C. well-behaved D. smart asn't seen his older brother at least thirty years. B. from C. during D. for	Β.				

IV. Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer

Body postures and movements are frequently indicators of self-confidence, energy, fatigue, or status. Cognitively, gestures operate to clarify, contradict, or replace verbal

messages. Gestures also serve an important function with regard to regulating the flow of conversation. For example, if a student is talking about something in front of the class, single nods of the head from the teacher will likely cause that student to continue and perhaps more elaborate. Postures as well as gestures are used to indicate attitudes, status, affective moods, approval, deception, warmth, arid other variables related to conversation interaction.

The saying "A picture is worth a thousand words" well describes the meaning of facial expressions. Facial appearance - including wrinkles, muscle tone, skin coloration, and eye color-offers enduring cues that reveal information about age, sex, race, ethnic origin, and status.

A less permanent second set of facial cues including length of hair, hairstyle, cleanliness, and facial hair-relate to an individual's idea of beauty. A third group of facial markers are momentary expressions that signal that cause changes in the forehead, eyebrows, eyelids, cheeks, nose, lips, and chin, such as raising the eyebrows, wrinkling the brow, curling the lip.

Some facial expressions are readily visible, while others are fleeting. Both types can positively or negatively reinforce the spoken words and convey cues concerning emotions and attitudes.

26. Gestures _____

A. can do nothing with a conversation

B. can clarify the meaning of verbal messages.

C. may interrupt the flow of a conversation

D. can end a conversation more quickly than usual

27. A nod of the head from the tea	her will likely ask his student to	_ what he is
saying.		

A. go on B. give up C. put off D. throwaway

28. According to the writer, "A picture is worth a thousand words" means ______.

A. a picture of a face is more valuable than a thousand words

B. a picture is more important than a thousand words

C. facial gestures can convey a lot of meanings

D. he has just bought a picture with a thousand words on it

29. How many categories of facial expressions are mentioned?

A. 2 **B.** 3 **C.** 4 **D.** 5

30. Facial expressions _____

A. cannot convey emotions

B. cannot reinforce spoken words

C. can only express negative attitudes

D. can be either visible or fleeting

V. Choose the underlined word or phrase in the following sentences that needs correcting

31. Peter hadn't paid (A) attention at (B) the teacher, so he didn't understand (C)					
what the teacher	<u>(D)</u> explained				
32. It <u>is (A)</u> not <u>im</u>	polite (B) to ask <u>q</u>	uestions (C) abou	t ages, marriage (D) and income.		
33. <u>We (A)</u> are <u>co</u>	nsidering (B) to b	uy (C) a <u>new (D)</u> c	ar.		
34. <u>While (A)</u> my	sister <u>is cooking (I</u>	B), she <u>burnt (C)</u> h	erself <u>seriously (D)</u> .		
35. <u>It (A)</u> rained <u>y</u>	esterday (B) after i	it <u>has (C)</u> been dry	for (D) months.		
Key					
1. D 2. A 3. C	4.B 5.C 6.0	C 7. C			
8. D 9. C 10. I	D 11. B 12. D 13.	C 14. A			
15. B 16. D 17. B	3 18. C 19. A 20.	A 21. D			
22. D 23. B 24. I	D 25. C 26. B 27.	A 28. C			
29. B 30. D 31. B	B 32. B 33. C 34.	B 35. C			
10. Đề kiểm tra	a 1 tiết môn Tiếr	ng Anh số 10			
TRƯỜNG THPT	LÊLON K		IỌC KÌ 1 NĂM HỌC 2019 – 2020		
ĐÈ CHÍNH 1	-		lÊNG ANH - LỚP 12 út (không tính thời gian giao đề)		
		Thorgian. 45 ph			
(Đề thi có 03	trang)				
I. Choose the wo	rd whose underlin	ned part is differer	nt from the rest		
1. A. decid <u>ed</u>	B. stopp <u>ed</u>	C. wash <u>ed</u>	D. laugh <u>ed</u>		
2. A. summer <u>s</u>	B. exam <u>s</u>	C. countri <u>es</u>	D. hous <u>es</u>		
3. A. hope <u>s</u>	B. take <u>s</u>	C. tast <u>es</u>	D. arriv <u>es</u>		
4. A. work <u>ed</u>	B. forc <u>ed</u>	C. caus <u>ed</u>	D. match <u>ed</u>		
5. A. maintain <u>ed</u>	B. rais <u>ed</u>	C. develop <u>ed</u>	D. concern <u>ed</u>		
II. Choose the wo	ord which is stress	sed differently fro	m the rest		
6. A. conical	B. determine	C. contractual	D. supportive		
7. A. physical	B. mischievous	C. suitable	D. romantic		
8. A. candidate	B. engineer	C. lecturer	D. favourite		
9. A. appointment	B. examine	C. September	D. concentrate		
10. A. signal	B. install	C. decent	D. verbal		
III. Choose A, B, C, or D that best completes each unfinished sentence or substitutes the underlined part					
11. Peter lives with his parents and two sisters. There are generations in his family.					
A. two	B. three	C. four	D. five		
12. The wedding p hour.	preparations take w	eeks but the actua	I takes less than an		

A. ceremony **B.** ceremonies C. celebration **D.** anniversary **13.** An arranged ______ is the one in which the parents choose a husband or wife for their child. A. married **C.** marrying **B.** marriage **D.** marry 14. The bride and the groom would pray, asking their ancestors' ______ to get married. **C.** permissive **D.** permissibility A. permission **B.** permit **15.** Marriage should be a(n) _____ partnership. **C.** limited A. equal **B.** unique **D.** successful What could be more _____ ____ than a wedding on a tropical island? **D.** romanticism **B.** romantic **C.** romanticizing A. romance **17.** Come and see me when you _____ your report. **B.** finished **C.** will finish **D.** had finished **A.** finish **18.** I in the hotel twice in the 1980s. A. was staying **B.** have stayed **C.** had stayed **D.** had been staying **19.** Susan ______ as a secretary for 2 years before her marriage. C. has worked A. worked **B.** has been working **D.** was working 20. When I got home I found that water..... down the kitchen walls. C. has run A. ran **B.** was running **D.** had been running IV. Choose the words or phrases that are not correct in standard English: 21. What (A) would happen (B) because (C) | pressed (D) that red button? 22. She had left (A) the office when (B) she saw (C) how angry he was (D). 23. The doctor strongly (A) advised (B) her take (C) a few days' rest (D). 24. She has disappeared (A) three days (B) ago, and they are still (C) looking for her **(D)** now. 25. Mary has (A) so many things do (B) that she has no time (C) to go out (D). V. Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer

If you invite an American friend to join you to have dinner in a restaurant, phone the restaurant first to find out if you need a reservation to avoid a long wait for table. To make a reservation, just give your name, the number of people in your group, and the time you plan to arrive. When you invite someone to dinner, you should be prepared to pay the bill and reach for it when it arrives. However, if your companion insists on playing his or her share, do not get into argument about it. Some people prefer to pay their own way so that they do not feel indebted, and those feelings should be respected. In most American restaurants, the waiter or waitress's tip is not added to the bill. If the service was adequate, it is customary to leave a tip equal to about 15% of the bill. In expensive restaurants, leave a bit more.

26. To make a reservation, you ______.

A. just give your name, the time you arrive and how many persons there are in your group

B. have to give your address, the time you arrive and how many persons there are in your group

C. just give your name, the time you arrive and your address

- **D.** just give your name, the time you arrive and your telephone number
- 27. When you invite an American friend to have dinner in a restaurant _____
- A. a reservation is not necessary
- B. you should make a reservation
- C. there are always many tables available for you
- D. you always have to wait for a long time
- 28. When you invite someone to dinner, you _____
- A. let him to pay himself
- B. should prepare to pay the bill
- C. give the bill to him
- D. share the bill with him

29. If your companion insists on paying his share,

A. do not agree

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- B. it will be impolite
- C. you should let him pay as he expects
- D. you shouldn't get into argument with him
- **30.** In most American restaurants,
- A. the tip is added to the bill
- **B.** the tip is about 15% of the bill
- C. you should not give the tip to waiters or waitresses
- D. waiters and waitresses never get the tip

VI. Fill in numbered blank with one suitable word or phrase:

In many modern countries, people think (31)_____ a family as a mother, a father and their children. But this is not (32)_____ only kind of the family group. In some parts of the world, a family group has many (33)_____ members. This kind of large family is called an "(34)_____ family" or a "joint family".

Early people probably lived in joint families. They had to be part of a large group in order to survive. The members of the group help each other hunt. They work together to protect themselves from dangerous animals and other enemies. In China, people lived in joint families. When a son married, he and his wife lived at his parents' house. (35)_____ daughters remained at home until they married. Chinese children felt very loyal (36)_____ their parents. Younger members of the joint family always took care of the old ones.

31. A. on	B. off	C. about	D. at
32. A. a	B. the	C. no article	D. an

33. A. another	B. others	C. other	D. the other
34. A. open	B. extended	C. intensive	D. big
35. A. unmarried	B. married	C. marrying	D. being married
36. A. on	B. of	C. with	D. to
Key			

 1. A
 2. D
 3. D
 4. C
 5. C
 6. A
 7. D
 8. B
 9. D
 10. B

 11. A
 12. C
 13. B
 14. A
 15. A
 16. B
 17. A
 18. C
 19. B
 20. B

 21. C
 22. A
 23. C
 24. A
 25. B
 26. A
 27. B
 28. B
 29. D
 30. B

 31. C
 32. B
 33. C
 34. B
 36. D