10 ĐỀ THI HỌC KÌ 1 MÔN TIẾNG ANH 12 NĂM 2020 CÓ ĐÁP ÁN

1.	Đề	<u>thi</u>	HK1	môn	Tiếng	Anh	Số	1

			ĐỀ KIỂM TRA	HỌC KỲ I	
	TRƯỜNG THPT BÙI THỊ XUÂN		Môn Tiếng Anh 12 Thời gian: 45 phút		
Pick ou	ut the word whose un	derlined part is pror	nounced differently from	that of the others.	
1.	A. <u>a</u> ny	B. d <u>a</u> ddy	C. c <u>a</u> t	D. ch <u>a</u> t	
2.	A. talk <u>ed</u>	B. pass <u>ed</u>	C. call <u>ed</u>	D. wash <u>ed</u>	
3 .	A. c <u>o</u> me	B. something	C. c <u>o</u> mb	D. gr <u>o</u> w	
Choos	se the word that has t	he stress differently	from that of the other w	vords.	
4.	A. company	B. official	C. Australia	D. encounter	
5 .	A. knowledge	B. bracket	C. although	D. neighbor	
6.	A. hopelessness	B. athletics	C. resident	D. tolerance	
Choo	se the best answer to	complete the blank	in each of the following	sentences	
	s room sinc	-	an odon or the renowing		
	A. has been painted	B. was painted	C. painted	D. has painted	
8. Wh	atyou	if you	a billionaire? –I woul	d take a trip into space.	
	A. will/do / are	B. would/do / were	C. can/do/was	D. shall/do / are	
9. Hav	ve you seen the Titanic	yet? _ No, I haven't.	Iit next Saturd	ay.	
	A. would see	B. will see	C. am going to see	D. see	
10. Af	terdinner,	l often watch TV.			
	A. ate	B. eat	C. eaten	D. eating	
11. To	om said that he	his motorbike the	e day before.		
	A. had lost	B. lost	C. has lost	D. lose	
12. Do	you believe	_God?			
	A. at	B. of	C. about	D. in	
13. Ai	r and water are necess	aryus.			
	A. of	B. for	C. with	D. to	
14. Th	ne beautiful woman has	a busylife	e.		
	A. society	B. socialize	C. social	D. socializing	
15. Er	nglish has become the	main language of			
	A. communication	B. communicate	C. communicant	D. communicative	
16. Do	you think doing the ho	ousehold chores is the	eof the women	only?	
	A. responsibly	B. responsible	C. responsibility	D. responsive	



17. He did some odd jobs at h	ome		
A. disappointment	B. disappointedly	C. disappointed	D. disappoint
18. "I have bought you a toy.	Happy birthday to you!"		
A. What a lovely toy! T	hanks.	B. Have a nice day!	
C. The same to you!		D. What a pity!	
19. "Your hairstyle is terrific,	Cindy" – "	,	
A. It's nice B. You're w	velcome	C. Not at all	D. Thanks, Peter
20. When students finish the s	secondary education, the	y have to take a(n)	called GCSE.
A. check	B. examination	C. interview	D. test
21. I spoke very slowly	he didn't understa	nd English very well.	
A. to	B. so that	C. because	D. so
22. When being interviewed, y	ou should <u>concentrate c</u>	on what the interviewer is	saying or asking you.
A. be related to	B. express interest in	C. be interested in	D. pay attention to
23. "I'm going away tomorrow	v, mother."_ Leo told his	mother that	_away the
A. he was going / follo	wing day	C. I was going / day after	er
B. I'm going / day after	r	D. he's going / following	ı day
24. "It was nice of you to give	me the present. Thank	you" Ben said to Mary.	

	Ben thanked Mary	the p	oresent.		
	A. of giving him			C. for giving him	
	B. it had been nice of	her to give hi	m	D. that she had been n	ice to give him
25.	Shakespeare wrote "Ron	neo and Julie	t" in 1605.		
	A. "Romeo and Juliet"	were written	by Shakesp	peare in 1605	
	B. "Romeo and Juliet"	was written	by Shakespe	eare in 1605.	
	C. "Romeo and Juliet"	was written i	in 1605 by S	hakespeare.	
	D. "Romeo and Juliet"	were written	in 1605 by	Shakespeare	
26.	The hurricane has totally	destroyed the	e villages ٦	he villages	by the hurricane
	A. have been totally d	estroyed		C. have totally been de	estroyed
	B. has been totally de	stroyed		D. has totally been des	stroyed
27.	If you don't work much ha	rder, you wo	n't pass the	exam.	
	_ Unless your	much harder,	you	the exam.	
	A. work / will pass			B. don't work / will pas	S
	C. don't work / won't p	ass		D. work / won't pass	
28.	My sister is often sick bed	ause she do	esn't do phy	sical exercise.	
	A. If my sister does ph	nysical exerci	se, she won	't often be sick.	
	B. If my sister isn't phy	ysical exercis	e, she does	sick.	
	C. If my sister did phys	sical exercise	e, she would	n't often be sick.	
	D. If my sister wasn't p	physical exer	cise, she wo	ould do sick.	
29.	The river from	we get our v	water- supply	y is nearly empty.	
	A. whose	B. that		C. where	D. which
30.	My father wants to speak	•	•	•	
	_ My fatheryo	ou met yester	day, wants t	to speak to you.	
	A. whose	B. whom		C. whom	D. that
31.	In spite of his poorness, h	e is honest.			
	A. Although he is poor	r, he is hones	st.	C. Despite he is poor,	he is honest.
	B. Although he is poor	r, but he is ho	nest.	D. In spite of he is poo	r, he is honest.
32.	He only accepted the job_	_			
	A. though	B. because		C. because of	D. in spite of
33.	Did you readr	novel I lent yo	ou	last week?	
	А. ф / in	•		•	D. the/φ
34.	rich should he				
	A. a/a/a	B. the / the	/ the	С. ф / ф / ф	D. the / the / ф
35.	The man who is speaking		•		
	A. The man spoke to	John is my bı	rother.		
	C. The man spoken to	John is my l	orother.		
	B. The man is speakir	ng to John is i	my brother.		

D. The man speaking to John is my brother.

36. He read The Old Man a	and The Sea, a novel	by Ernest Hemin	gway.	
A. written	B. writing	C. which written	D. that wrote	
Choose the underlined par	rt that needs correct	tion.		
37. I often listen music when time. A B C	<u>n</u> I have <u>free</u> D			
38. We spent a week to pre concert. A				
39. The <u>phone rung</u> while I <u>dishes</u> . A D	was washing the B C			
40. The more I live with him, the most I love him. A B C D				

Read the passage below and choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to each question.

The habits of those who constantly play video games are very important to people working in video-game industry. If video games are going to one of the most attractive features of future interactive systems, it is essential for producers to know what types of games to make, how best to present such games on interactive video, and how to ensure that such games maintain their fascination for people. Above all, it is vital to build up detailed profiles of people who are addicted to video games.

Until recently, the chief market for video games has been boys aged eight to fifteen. The fascination for interactive video games is seen in its purest form in this group. Video games appeal to some deep instinct in boys who find it impossible to tear themselves from them. Schoolwork is ignored, health is damaged and even eating habits are affected. Girls of the same age, however, are entirely different, demonstrating far greater freedom from the hold of video games. Quite simply, they can take video games in their strike, being able to play them when they want and then leave them alone.

41. Pr	oducers of video game	es are keen on	_·	
	A. finding the best wa	ays of continuing to attract	ct people	
	B. developing compu	iter techniques in making	such games	
	C. learning about dru	g to which people are ad	ldicted	
	D. designing ways			
42. Th	ne people who are mos	st attracted to video game	es are	
	A. young adult wome	n:		
	B. boys from eight to	fifteen years old		
	C. girls between eigh	t and fifteen		
	D. supermarket assis	stants		
43	have differer	nt attitude towards playin	g video games.	
	A. Adult men and wo	men		
	B. Boys and girls fror	n eight to fifteen		
	C. Girls and boys abo	ove eight		
	D. Girls and boys bel	ow eight		
44. Tł	ne addiction to video ga	ames can be so powerful	that it can	
	A. separate boys from	n girls		
	B. make people relax	ing		
	C. destroy people's ir	nstincts		
	D. make people phys	sically ill.		
45. Co	ompared with boys of t	he same age, girls are		
	A. more intelligent the	an boys		
	B. more addicted to v	video games		
	C. more concentrated	d on video games		
	D. less affected by vi	deo games		
Choos	e the word or phrase	(A, B, C or D) that bes	t fits the blank space in	n the following passage.
is, w	noises. To tale have to use comb	lk or to (47) by	/ other people, we have t t (48)for a p	of far more than just (46) to master a language, that articular object or idea. own language.
46.	A. makes	B. make	C. to make	D. making
47.	A. understanding	B. understand	C. be understood	D. be

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understandable

48. A. to stand

B. stand

C. stands

D. standing

49. A. is

B. will be

C. would be

D. was

50. A. made

B. makes

C. make

D. will make

----THE END-----

2. Đề thi HK1 môn Tiếng Anh số 2

TRƯỜNG THPT NGUYỄN TRÃI Môn Tiếng Anh 12
Thời gian: 45 phút

Pick o	out the word whose	underlined part is pron	ounced differently from	that of the others.
1.	A. prepar <u>ed</u>	B. call <u>ed</u>	C. express <u>ed</u>	D. employ <u>ed</u>
2.	A. sh <u>ou</u> ld	B. y <u>ou</u> ng	C. c <u>ou</u> ple	D. r <u>ou</u> gh
3.	A. possible	B. c <u>o</u> mpany	C. <u>jo</u> b	D. resp <u>o</u> nsible
Choc	se the word that h	as the stress differently	from that of the other w	ords.
4.	A. experience	B. concentrate	C. enthusiasm	D. certificate
5 .	A. interview	B. interviewee	C. interviewer	D. industry
Cho	ose the best answe	r to complete the blank	in each of the following	sentences.
	Vietnam, application eadline, often in Apr	n forms for the National Er il.	itrance Examinations mus	t bebefore
	A. issued	B. signed	C. filed	D. submitted
	oints will be added to school	the Entrance Examination	n scores for those who hol	ld an excellent
	A. certificate	B. diploma	C. qualification	D. degree
	e world_ arth's environment.	_a better place if we had k	nown a hundred years ag	o what we know about
	A. should be	B. might be	C. was	D. will be
9. If t	he lecturer last night	tDr. Mason, I	would have listened care	fully.
	A. were	B. would be	C. was	D. had been
10. I	Tom with	n me if I had known you ar	nd he didn't get along well	with each other.
	A. won't bring	B. wouldn't have brou	ıght C. Didn't bring	D. hadn't brought
		rith you your school certificers when you come to the		from your teachers
	A. assignment	B. invitation	C. recommendation	D. advertisement
12. It	wasn't an awful exp	perience. It was the worst t	thinghas ever	happened to me.
	A. which	B. that	C. what	D. why
13. T	he party	_we went to last night was	s not very enjoyable.	
	A. which	B. when	C. where	D. what
14. A		nth, scientists at the institu hed within 6 months.	ite will conduct their AIDS	research, the results of
	A. which	B. whom	C. that	D. it
15 ⊢		n and The Sea, a novel		
13. 1	A. written	B. writing	C. which wrote	
16 1		test ,pleased h		B. triat writteri
10	A. that	B. which	C. what	D. it
17. T		iven tocan ar		2
±1+ 1	A. whomever	B. whoever	•	D. who
18. -		ot of advice, most of		
	-			

	A. them	B. whom	C. that	D. which
19. The	ese new laws have lai	d legal grounds for	inefficient co-operat	ives.
	A. dissolving	B. analyzing	C dividing	D. disarming.
	h the strong ife for our people.	of our party and Gover	nment to DoiMoi, we beli	eve that we will build a
	A. promise	B. commitment	C. investment	D. reaffirm
21	it is in the sp	ring now, the flowers outsi	ide aren't blooming.	
	A. While	B. Although	C. Whereas	D. However
22	l didn't unde	erstand a word, I kept smili	ng.	
	A. Whereas	B. However	C. Even though	D. Nevertheless
23. I lik	e spending my holida	ys in the mountains,	my wife prefers th	e seaside.
	A. though	B. whereas	C. despite	D. in spite of
24	he wasn't fe	eling very well, Alex was o	determined to take part ir	the racing.

Α. [Despite the fact the	at	B. Despite the fact it	
С. [Despite		D. In spite of	
25. When w	ve got home, dinn	er, so we had	a drink first.	
A. v	vas preparing	B. had been prepared	C. was being prepared	D. was prepared
26. Since 1	980, scientists in	the worlda lot of	things to fight AIDS.	
A. h	nave done	B. are doing	C. did	D. had done
27. Linda	her ide	entity card again. This is th	ne second time this	
A. Id	ost/ happened	B. has lost/ has happene	d C. haslost/ happened	D. lost/ has happened
28. I starte	d working here in	2000.		
A. I	have started work	king here since 2000.		
B. I	haven't worked he	ere since 2000.		
C. I	have started work	king here since 2000.		
D. I	have worked here	e since 2000.		
29. The hot	elwe	stayed wasn't very clean.		
A. v	vhere	B. why	C. which	D. when
30. It's usua	ally difficult	a place to park in t	he city center.	
A. fi	inding	B. to find	C. find	D. to finding.
31. It took r	me a long time to_	wearing glass	es.	
A. g	get used to	B. use to	C. used to	D. use
32. Let's ha	ave this letter	by express mail.		
A. s	sends	B. send	C. being sent	D. sent
33. "Can I h	nelp you?" _ " _ <u></u>	<u>"</u> .		
A. N	No, thanks. I'm jus	t looking	B. No, I'm seeing	
C. Y	es, I'm watching		D. Yes, I'm thinking	
34. –Will the	ey get married? _	Yes, definitely	_their differences.	
A. h	nowever	B. despite	C. owing to	D. although
35. Let's go	to the station to	see her		
A. t	hrough	B. back	C. off	D. to
36. He spol	ke confidently and	I that impressed me.		
А. Т	The thing which im	pressed me was the conf	ident way he spoke.	
B. H	le spoke confiden	tly, which impressed me.		
C. T	he confident way	in which he spoke impres	sed me.	
D. A	All are correct.			
37. I can't re	ecall	that old movie, but maybe	e I did many years ago.	
A. to	o see	B. to have seen	C. having been seen	D. having seen
38. Henry v	vill pass his exam	sany means.	He has studied well.	
A. b	ру	B. on	C. with	D. in

Choose the underlined part that needs correction. 39. Higher general education and training generally took place in a university or college. A B C D 40. There are two parallel school systems in England. The first is the state school system, that is free to A B C B C all students, paid for by the state'. D Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage. When you first apply for a job, you (41) _______ not succeed in getting it. It's always a good (42)

complain about the situation, but ask them to advise you (43)_what you can do better next time. Perhaps the interviewer disapproved of or disagreed with something you said. Perhaps they just glanced at your application and saw something that made it easy to choose between you and another candidate. Don't regard it as a failure, but recognize it as a chance to learn more. (44) you don't worry too

to ask them to explain to you what prevented from beating the other candidates. Don't

45.

A. in the end

D. eventually

41. A. might B. would C. won't D. m	ance you've beer ccess!
	iust
42. A. means B. opinion C. idea D. m	ethod
43. A. about B. of C. over D. in	
44. A. As far as B. By far C. So far D. As	s long as

C. at last

Read the passage below and choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to each question.

B. lastly

TRƯỜNG THPT MINH ĐỰC

Higher education, also called tertiary, third stage or post secondary education, is the non-compulsory educational level following the completion of a school providing a secondary education, such as a high school, secondary school. Tertiary education is normally taken to include undergraduate and postgraduate education, as well as vocational education and training. Colleges and universities are the main institutions that provide tertiary institutions. Tertiary education generally results in the receipt of certificates, diplomas, or academic degrees.

Higher education includes teaching, research and social services activities of universities, and within the realm of teaching, it includes both the undergraduate level and the graduate level. Higher education in that country generally involves work towards a degree-level or foundation degree qualification. It is therefore very important to national economies, both as a significant industry in its own right, and as a source of trained and educated personnel for the rest of the economy.

		ĐỀ KIỆM TĐ	A HOC Kỳ I
3. Đề t <u>hi HK1 mô</u>	n Tiếng Anh số 3		
	THE END		
A. Qualificat	ion B. Foundation	C. Schooling	D. Higher education
50. is im	portant to national economies.		
A. One	B. two	C. three	D. four
49. How many kinds	s does higher education have?		
D. a level in	a scale of how serious someth	ning is.	
C. the qualif	cation		
B. a unit for	measuring temperature		
A. a unit for	measuring angles		
48. The word 'degree	ee' in paragraph 1 refers to		
C. Colleges	and universities	D. high schools an	d universities.
A. Colleges	and high schools	B. universities and	institutes
47. Where can we f	ind tertiary education?		
A. Primary ε	education B. higher education	C. Secondary edu	cation D. children education
46. What is 'tertiary	education'?		

Môn Tiếng Anh 12 Thời gian: 45 phút

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Choose the word that is stressed differently from the rest.

1. A. hospital

B. inflation

C. policy

D. constantly

2. A. government

B. consumer

C. domestic

D. production

3. A. priority

B. industry

C. subsidy

D. qualify

Cno 4.	A. <u>ch</u> oice	e underlined part is pr B. <u>ch</u> emist	•	Trom that of the rest. D. achieve	
 5.		B. identity		D. chemistry	
•		-	-		
Cho	ose the best answe	er to complete the blan	k in each of the follow	ring sentences.	
6. If	I feel too excited to s	leep, lreadin	g one of our reports.		
	A. will try	B. try	C. would try	D. would have tried	
7. If	hewell on	the training course last	year, heoffer	ed the promotion now.	
	A. had done / wo	uld be	B. had done / wo	ould have done	
	C. did / would be		D. did / will be		
8. W	/hat time would we g	et therethe su	ıbway?		
	A. we took		B. if we took		
	C. unless we take	•	D. provided that	we take	
9. H	e took me to the colle	ege			
	A. he used to stud	dy	B. in that he use	d to study	
	C. where he used	to study	D. which he used	D. which he used to study	
10.	school is v	ery important for	country to develop.		
	A. The / a	B. ø / a	C. The/ ø	D. ø / ø	
11. I	He has been learning	hard to prepare	_ the coming final exar	n.	
	A. for	B. with	C. on	D. over	
	the end of et language.	the course, the students	have to take an exam	on four basic skills of the	
	A. In	B. At	C. On	D. To	
13.	They are university p	rofessors who specialize	ethe history o	f the Russian empire.	
	A. on	B. to	C. in	D. about	
14.	Secondary education	in Hong Kong is largely	basedthe Br	itish education system.	
	A. on	B. to	C. in	D. about	
15.	Tell me the day	you want to leave.			
	A. which	B. in which	C. that	D. when	
16.	Of my students, Betty	is the only one	_ has found a job.		
	A. whom	B. which	C. that	D. whose	
17. I	Have you ever visited	l New York harbor,	the famous Statu	e of Liberty stands?	
	A. which	B. where	C. that	D. over which	
	The man and his dog e just been rescued s		in the demolished build	ing after the earthquake	
	A. which	B. who	C. that	D. whom	
	GCSE courses are lents themselves.	in a variety of subject	ts which are usually dec	cided by the	
	A. spent	B. taken	C. made	D. looked	

20. GCSEs are not compulsory, but they are the most common qualifications taken by 14-16 year-

old students.

A. specialized	B. fulfilled	C. applied	D. Required
21. An 'A-level' in Maths or a	/ anqualificat	ion is normally required.	
A. equal	B. same	C. like	D. equivalent
22. The control of	has been carried out thro	ugh measures rooted in	monetarism.
A. inflate	B. inflation	C. inflationist	D. inflator
23. It is often a good idea to	start with small, easily	goals.	
A. achievable	B. achieve	C. achievement	D. achiever
24. To my, I was no	t offered the job.		
A. happiness	B. dream	C. joy	D. disappointment
25. The Eiffel Tower	design was revolutiona	ary at its time, is still a ma	arvelous structure.
A. which	B. that	C. whose	D. of which

26. Many children are u	nder such a high	of learning that they do	not feel happy at school.
A. recommenda	tion B. interview	C. pressure	D. concentration
27. , he walke	d to the station.		
A. Despite being	g tired	B. Although to be ti	red
C. In spite being	tired	D. Despite tired	
28. During the time of e setbacks.	conomic reforms, the eco	nomy has grown	with only a few major
A. constant	B. constantly	C. constants	D. constancy
29. Theeffect state sake.	of the new policy is that th	ne farmer is now working f	or himself, and not for the
A. legal	B. common	C. all	D. overall
		omic, the Vietnan and economic links with r	
A. relation	B. investment	C. productivity	D. renovation
31. Has the letters which yet? A B 32. When GCSEs are to other A B	h I <u>want</u> <u>been typed</u> C D aken in secondary school,	they can often combined	
qualifications, or diplom			
	decided on a course that versity, A B	you would like to study at	
or we recommend that y first. C	you take a look at the cou	rse requirements D	
34. The term 'economic	reform' refers to policies	directing by the governme	ent <u>to achieve</u>
	Α	В	С
improvements <u>in</u> econo	mic efficiency.		
D			
35. Economic reforms s	<u>tarted</u> since 1986 in Vietr people A	am <u>have helped</u> millions o B	of
to be <u>out of</u> poverty and	bringing the poverty rate	down.	
С	D		
Choose the sentence th	nat is closest in the mea	ning to the root one.	

- **36.** If I / not / television / I / hear / burglar alarm / off
 - A. If I hadn't watched the television, I had heard the burglar alarm go off.
 - B. If I didn't watch the television, I had heard the burglar alarm go off.
 - C. If I hadn't watched the television, I would have heard the burglar alarm go off.
 - D. If I hadn't watch the television, I would hear the burglar alarm go off.

- 37. He / suffer / rare tropical disease / which / contracted / while / Africa
 - A. He still suffers from a rare tropical disease which he contracted while he was in Africa.
 - B. He still suffers from a rare tropical disease which contracted while he was in Africa.
 - C. He suffers from a rare tropical disease which was contracted while he is in Africa.
 - D. He suffers from a rare tropical disease which he contracts while in Africa.
- 38. Laser / device / concentrate / light waves / intense beam.
 - A. Laser is a device concentrates light waves into an intense light beam.
 - B. The laser is a device to concentrate light waves to an intense light beam.
 - C. The laser is a device which concentrates light waves and an intense light beam.
 - D. Laser is a device which concentrates light waves into an intense light beam.
- **39.** That book / very thick / belong / younger sister.
 - A. That book, what is very thick, belongs to my younger sister.

- B. That book, that is very thick, belongs to my younger sister.
- C. That book, which is very thick, belongs to my younger sister.
- D. That book, which is very thick, belongs my younger sister.
- **40.** I did not answer the door even though I knew it was my friend.
 - A. Unless I knew it was my friend, I would not answer the door.
 - B. I knew it was my friend, but I did not answer the door.
 - C. Only when I answered the door did I knew it was my friend.
 - D. I answered the door since I knew it was my friend.

Read the passage and choose the best answers:

... Never say anything negative about past experiences, employers, or courses or professors. Always think of something positive about an experience and talk about that. You should also be

(31) . If you are genuinely interested (32) the job, let the interviewer know that.

One of the best ways to show you are keen on a job is to demonstrate that you have researched the organization prior to the interview. You can also_(33)_ interest by asking questions about the job, the organization, and its service and products. The best way to impress an employer is to ask questions that build your interview discussion. This shows you are interested and (34) close attention to the interviewer. It is a good idea to prepare a few questions in advance, but an insightful comment based on your conversation can make an even stronger statement. At the (35) of the interview, it is appropriate for you to ask when you may expect to hear from the employer.

41.	A. enthusiasm	B. enthusiastic	C. enthusiastically	D. enthusiast
42 .	A. with	B. for	C. on	D. in
43 .	A. appear	B. conceal	C. show	D. cover
44.	A. pay	B. choose	C. make	D. spend
45 .	A. close	B. final	C. end	D. finish

Read the passage and choose the best answers:

University Entrance Examination is very important to Vietnamese students. High school graduates have to take it and get high results to be admitted to universities. The pressure on the candidates remains very high despite the measures that have been taken to reduce the heat around these exams, since securing a place in a state university is considered a major step towards a successful career for young people, especially **those** from rural areas or disadvantaged families. In the year 2004, it was estimated that nearly 1 million Vietnamese students took the University Entrance Examination, but on average only 1 out of 5 candidates succeeded. Normally, candidates take 3 exam subjects, and each lasts 180 minutes for the fixed group of subjects they choose. There are 4 fixed groups of subjects: Group A: Mathematics, Physics, and Chemistry; Group B: Mathematics, Chemistry and Biology; Group C: Literature, History, and Geography; Group D: Literature, Foreign Language, and Mathematics.

In addition to universities, there are community colleges, art and technology institutes, professional secondary schools, and vocational schools which offer degrees or certificates from a-fewmonth to 2-year courses.

According to Vietnam's Ministry of Education and Training, there are currently 23 non-public universities, accounting for 11% of the total number of universities. These non-public universities are currently training 119,464 students or 11.7% of the total number of students. The government is planning to increase the number of non-public universities to 30% by 2007.

46. University Entrance Ex	kamination in Vietnam	n is very	
A interesting	R stressful	C. free	

A. Interesting

D. easy

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47. The word those refers to						
A. exam subj	ects B. young people	C. universities	D. examinations			
	ortion of the students who cent.	got success in University	Entrance Examination			
A. 5	B. 10	C. 20	D. 50			

49. Which sentence refers to the University Entrance Examination in Vietnam?

	A. Students find it e	easy to get success in the	e University Entrance Exa	amination.
	B. Maths is compul	sory in the University En	trance Examination.	
	C. Students are not	allowed to choose their	exam subjects.	
	D. There are four fi	xed groups of exam subj	ects for students to choo	se.
50.	According to the passa	ge,		
	A. the Vietnamese	government will close all	non-public universities b	y next year
	B. the Vietnamese	government does not ap	preciate non-public unive	ersities
	C. the Vietnamese	government encourages	the establishment of nor	n-public universities
	D. Vietnamese stud	dents have no alternative	to continue their higher	study besides universities
4. Đ	ề thi HK1 môn Tiếr	ng Anh số 4		
			ĐỀ KIỂM TRA	HỌC KỲ I
	TRƯỜNG TH	PT HỒNG ĐỨC	Môn Tiếng Anh 12	
			Thời gian: 45 phút	
	·			_
Pick	out the word which I	nas different stress pat	tern from that of the res	st.
1.	A. interviewer	B. preparation	C. economics	D. education
2.	A. employment	B. remember	C. concentrate	D. position
3.	A. achievement	B. communist	C. constantly	D. government
Cho	ose the word whose	underlined part is pron	ounced differently from	that of the others.
4.	A. <u>ch</u> aracter	B. tea <u>ch</u> er	C. <u>ch</u> emist	D. te <u>ch</u> nical
5 .	A. explain <u>ed</u>	B. disappoint <u>ed</u>	C. prepar <u>ed</u>	D. interview <u>ed</u>
Cho	ose the best answer	to complete the blank in	n each of the following	sentences.
6. N	lany people have objec	ted to the use of animals	s inexperiments.	
	A. science	B. scientist	C. scientific	D. scientifically
7. Ir	Scotland, students <u>tra</u>	<u>insfer</u> from primary to sed	condary education at app	proximately age 12.
	A. compound	B. base	C. change	D. move
8. C	onsidering <u>peasants</u> m	ake up nearly 80% of Vi	etnam's population.	
	A. specialists	B. economists	C. professors	D. farmers

9. Although he has not got	necessary experie	ence, he used to take a ir	n business administration.
A. curriculum	B. course	C. school	D. class
10. In England schooling is	compulsory	all children from the age	of 5 to 16.
A. with	B. for	C. to	D. over
11. That machine is useless	s. Itnot b	peen used for a long time	
A. is	B. was	C. did	D. has
12. Beethoven's Fifth Symp	honyne	xt weekend.	
A. is going to be per	rformed	B. has been perfo	ormed
C. will be performing	9	D. will have perfo	ormed
13. The trees			
A. were grown by Jo	ohn yesterday in t	he backyard	
B. were grown in the	e backyard by Joh	nn yesterday	
C. were grown in the	e backyard yester	day by John	
D. in the backyard v	vere grown yester	day by John	
14. Mathematics, a required	d subject in all sch	nools, isinto many	branches.
A. grouped	B. prepared	C. divided	D. added
15. The making of good hal	oitsa det	termination to keep on trainin	g your child.
A. require	B. requires	C. requirement	D. required
16. She had to have the op-	eration		
A. unless she would	d dies	B. if she would d	ie
C. otherwise she wil	Il die	D. or she would o	die
17he gets here soo	on, we will have to	start the meeting without hir	n.
A. Suppose	B. Provided	C. Unless	D. If
18. If my clientme	e her fax number,	Ito post a letter to h	ner.
A. gave,/ will not ha	ve	B. will give / do n	ot have
C. had given / would	dn't have had	D. had given / wi	ll not have had
19. Ms Young, to	many of her stude	ents are writing, is living happ	ily and peacefully in Canada.
A. who	B. whom	C. that	D. whose
20. We have learned Englis	sh since we	in the sixth form.	
A. are	B. were	C. had been	D. have been
21. He is the man	car was stolen las	st week.	
A. whom	B. that	C. which	D. whose
22. Kim: "What	this weekend	l?" - Sally: "Oh, we're going h	unting. It's fantastic!"
A. are you doing	B. are you goi	ng C. would you do	D. do you go
23. Nam: Hello! My name i	s Nam. Nice to m	eet you" - Mai: " Hello	"
A. I'm fine		B. Really?	
C. Good!		D. I'm Mai. Glad	to meet you
24. Tommy left high school	the age	seventeen.	
A. at / of	B. in / for	C. on / with	D. of / in

25. Maria: "Thanks for the lovel	ly evening" - Diana:"		
A. No, it's not good		B. I'm glad you enjoyed	Lit
C. Yes, it's really great		D. Oh, that's right	
26. The preparationsb	y the time the guests		
A. had been finished / a	arrived	B. have finished / arrive	ed
C. had finished / were arriving		D. have been finished / were arrived	
27. Kenvin: "Let's go to the mo	vie now" - Lan: " Oh!	"	
A. I don't	B. I need it	C. Why's that	D. It's a good idea
28. Nam: "Whose book is this?	?" - Mai: "	"	
A. No, It's over there	B. It's my mother's	C. It's just outside	D. It's my mother
29. When Ito visit he	er yesterday, she	a party.	
A. come / was prepared	dB. came / prepared	C. came / was preparin	g D. came/has prepared
30. Reaganan actor y	ears ago.		
A. is said to be	B. is said to have been	C. was said have been	D. was said being

31. He didn't get the job	he had all th	e necessary qualification	ons.
A. in spite of	B. although	C. because	D. because of
Choose the underlined pa	rt that needs correctior	ı.	
32. We all know that we hat family. A		n a living <u>ourselves</u> and C	d <u>support</u> the D
33. Anyone where works is society. A	<u>regarded</u> as a useful me B	ember <u>of our</u> C D	
34. Old people in my count travel. A	<u>ry</u> always <u>looks forward</u> C	to their retirement so the	<u>nat</u> they can
35. Economic reforms are country. A	often <u>carried for</u> to promo B	ote <u>the developing</u> of <u>a</u> C	D
36. He was so ill that he co	ould not <u>do</u> his <u>final exam</u> B		it to the next
Choose the sentence that	is closest in the meani	ng to the root one.	
37. The last time when I sa	ıw her was three years a	go.	
A. I have often see	n her for the last three ye	ears.	
B. About three year	rs ago, I used to meet he	r.	
C. I have not seen	ner for three years.		
D. I saw her three y	ears ago and will never	meet her again.	
38. In spite of all our efforts	s, we failed in the final ma	atch.	
A. Although we trie	d very hard, we failed in	the final match.	
B. We made all our	efforts so that we could	again success in the fi	nal match.
C. Whatever efforts	we had made, we were	n't able to win in the fin	al match.
D. We failed in the	final match as a result of	all our great efforts.	
39. Vietnam / almost / stud	ents / stay / universities	/ for / four / five / years.	
A. At Vietnam, alm	ost students stay in unive	ersities for four or five y	ears.
B. In Vietnam, almo	ost students stayat unive	rsities for four or five ye	ears.
C. In Vietnam, almo	ost students stayfor four	or five years at univers	ities.
D. Almost students	stay at universities in Vie	etnam for four or five y	ears.
40. You / find / much / pos	sible / job / vacancy.		
A. You should find	as much as possible abo	out the job and the vaca	ancy.
B. You should find	out much possible about	the job and the vacand	cy.
C. You should find	out as much as possible	about the job and the	vacancy.
D. You should find	out much as possible ab	out the job and the vac	ancy.
Read the passage and cho	ose the best answers:		
and lectures. It is difficult t sounds (47)_a student difficommonly, have a weak for	o decide where one word ficulty and he fails to ider form. An overseas student	d finishes and the next ntify them. Some words t identifies them with di	ms when he (46)to talks tone starts. In speech, many in English, which occur very fficulty. (48)_addition, many roblem never arises in print.
The lecturer (49)_ strong accent will be diffic			ronounces his vowels with awhen the lecturer

speaks with a BBC accent.

41.	A. apeaks	B. hears	C. wants	D. listens
42 .	A. make	B. cause	C. do	D. create
43 .	A. In	B. For	C. On	D. With
44.	A. which	B. who	C. whose	D. when
45 .	A. carefully	B. easily	C. terribly	D. carelessly

Read the passage and choose the best answers:

Instructors at American colleges and universities use many different teaching methods. Some instructors give assignments every day. They grade homework. Students in their classes have to take many quizzes, a midterm exam, and a final test. Other instructors give only writing assignments. Some

teachers always follow a course outline and usually use the text book. Others send students to the library for assignment.

The atmosphere in some classrooms is very formal. Students call their instructors "Professor Smith," "Mrs. Jones", and so on. Some teachers wear business clothes and give lectures. Others classrooms have an informal atmosphere. Students and teachers discuss their ideas. Instructors dress informally, and students call them by their first names. American teachers are not alike in their teaching styles.

At most American colleges and universities, facilities for learning and recreation are available to students. Students can often use type-writers, tape recorders, video machines, and computers at libraries and learning centres. They can buy books, notebooks, and other things at campus stores. They can get advice on their problems from councelors and individual help with their classes from tutors. Students can relax and have fun on campus, too. Some schools have swimming pools and tennis courts. Most have snack bars or cafeterias.

- **46.** What is the first paragraph about?
 - A. Ways of using the textbook

B. Ways of giving assignment

C. Ways of teaching

- D. Ways of taking an exam
- **47.** Which of the following statements is true?
 - A. American students can call their teachers by their first names.
 - B. The atmosphere in the American classrooms is always relaxed and friendly.
 - C. American teachers do not dress informally.
 - D. The atmosphere in America classrooms is always formal.
- **48.** What does the word "business clothes" in the paragraph 2 mean?
 - A. clothes that only business people wear
- B. trendy clothes

C. casual clothes

- D. formal clothes
- **49.** What can't students do at most American colleges and universities?
 - A. bring the computers at the libraries home.
 - B. ask their councellors and tutors for advice.
 - C. use the computers that are linked to libraries.
 - D. have tutors and councelors solved their problems.
- **50.** Which of the following statements is false about schools in America?
 - A. They are well equipped.
 - B. They have stores on campus.
 - C. They have no recreation facilities.
 - D. They offer sports and leisure facilities for students.

----THE END-----

5. Đề thi HK1 môn Tiếng Anh số 5

	ĐỀ KIỂM TRA HỌC KỲ I
TRƯỜNG THPT NHÂN VIỆT	Môn Tiếng Anh 12
	Thời gian: 45 phút

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently form that of the rest.

- 1. A. advises
- B. raises
- C. devises
- D. goes

2. A. rose

B. lose

- C. close
- D. chose

Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that has different stress from that of the rest.

3.	A. express	B. effort	C. office	D. comment		
4.	A. economic	B. experience	C. entertainment	D. introduction		
5.	A. history	B. depression	C. invention	D. completely		
Choo	Choose the answer (A, B, C or D) that best completes each of the following sentences.					
6. He	e has just come back fror	n London,is the	capital of England.			
	A. that	B. which	C. where	D. in which		
7. No one can predict the future exactly. Things may happen						
	A. expected	B. unexpected	C. expectedly	D. unexpectedly		
8. Ms	s Young, tomai	ny of her students are wri	ting, is living happily and	peacefully in Canada.		

A. who	B. whom	C. that	D. whose
9. After a few decades of the	economic reforms, Vietn	am has increased the livi	ing of people.
A. surfaces	B. standards	C. levels	D. backgrounds
10. In five more minutes, they	/for three hours	on the phone.	
A. are talking	B. have talked	C. will have been talkin	g D. will talk
11. Nam: What do you think a	about his story? - Tan:	, it's not true	
A. In my opinion	B. I think	C. According to me	D. I don't think
12. If shethe train la	ast night, shel	here now.	
A. took / were		B. were taking / is	
C. had taken / would ha	ave been	D. had taken / would be	9
13speaking, I do n	ot really like my present j	ob.	
A. Honest	B. Honestly	C. Honesty	D. Dishonest
14. A letter ofis sor	netimes really necessary	for you in a job interview	<i>I</i> .
A. recommend	B. recommended	C. recommender	D. recommendation
15if he comes late	?		
A. What you would do	B. What would you do	C. What will you do	D. What you will do
16. Some days of rest may he	elp tothe pressu	re of work.	
A. reduce	B. lower	C. chop	D. increase
17. Ais an official doc	cument that you receive wl	hen you have completed a	course of study or training.
A. vocation	B. subject	C. certificate	D. grade
18. John: What a nice watch	you are wearing, Mary! -	Mary:	
A. Thank you. I hope y	ou like it.	B. I don't think it's nice	
C. No, I don't think so		D. Oh, that's right	
19. He is very worried	his new job because h	ne is not quite prepared_	working.
A. on / over	B. to / off	C. about / for	D. in / at
20. Mai: Can you lend me so	me money, Lan? - Lan:		
A. I don't have any mo	ney	B. Certainly. Here you	are.
C. No, I can't		D. Yes, I can	
21. If I10 years you	unger, Ithe job.		
A. am / will take		B. was / have taken	
C. had been / will have	taken	D. were / would take	
22. When Iup this n	norning, my roommate	already.	
A. am waking / leaves	B. wake / has left	C. woke / had left	D. was waking / left
23. I think wef	rom her soon.		
A. hear	B. will hear	C. have heard	D. will have heard
24. Robert wanted to know if	I would leave the	Friday.	
A. following	B. ago	C. previous	D. before
25. He is the manca	ar was stolen last week.		

A. whom	B. that	C. which	D. whose
26. It is of great	_to show your interest and p	oliteness when you are	having a job interview.
A. importance	B. important	C. importantly	D. unimportant
27instructed m	e how to make a good prepa	ration for a job interviev	V.
A. John Robbins	to that I spoke by telephone	B. John Robbins, th	at I spoke to by telephone
C. John Robbins	, to who I spoke by telephone	e D. John Robbins, w	hom I spoke to by telephone
28. She is the eldest in	okher brother v	when her parents go out.	
A. for	B. at	C. up	D. after
29. A taxi crashed into	tree	_driver was badly injure	d.
A. a / a	B. a / the	C. the / a	D. the / the
30. The economic rend Communist Party.	ovationin Vietnamin I	December, 1986 by the \	Vietnamese
A. initiated	B. was initiating	C. was initiated	D. had initiated

Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) for each of the following questions:

- 31. "What did you do last weekend, Tim?" Alice asked.
 - A. Alice asked Tim what did he do last weekend.
 - B. Alice asked Tim what he had done last weekend.
 - C. Alice asked Tim what he had done the previous weekend.
 - D. Alice asked Tim what had he done the previous weekend.
 - **32.** People say that Vietnamese students are not well-prepared for their future jobs.
 - A. Vietnamese students are said not to be well-prepared for their future jobs.
 - B. Vietnamese students are said to be not well-prepared for their future jobs.
 - C. Vietnamese students say not to be well-prepared for their future jobs.
 - D. Vietnamese students say to be not well-prepared for their future jobs.
- 33. "Why don't you ask the teacher for help?" Peter asked me.
 - A. Peter advised me to ask the teacher for help.
 - B. Peter recommended me not to ask the teacher for help.,
 - C. Peter told me the reason why I did not ask the teacher for help.
 - D. Peter suggested that he should ask the teacher for help.
- 34. If it does not rain tomorrow, we will water the garden.
 - A. Unless it rain tomorrow, we will water the garden.
 - B. Unless it does rain tomorrow, we will water the garden.
 - C. Unless it rains tomorrow, we will water the garden.
 - D. Unless it rains tomorrow, we will not water the garden.
- 35. Because he came to class late, the teacher punished him.
 - A. The teacher punished him if he came to class late.
 - B. The teacher would punish him if he came to class late

37. Although they always argue with each other, but they are good

- C. The teacher would not punish him if he did not come to class late.
- D. The teacher would not have punished him if he had not come to class late.
- **36.** Qualifications and experience / two elements / help us / get good jobs easily.
 - A. Qualifications and experience are two elements help us get good jobs easily.
 - B. Qualifications and experience are two elements helping us get good jobs easily.
 - C. Qualifications and experience are two elements which helps us get good jobs easily.
 - D. Qualifications and experience are two elements helped us get good jobs easily.

Choose the underlined part (A, B, C or D) in each sentence that needs correction.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>friends</u> . A	В (<u> </u>)
38. More school I school.		recently <u>to make</u> C	t convenient for chi	ldren <u>to go</u> to D
39. My sister work	s <u>for</u> a foreign co	mpany <u>in</u> Ho Chi M	inh City, <u>where</u> is one	e of the biggest <u>cities</u> in

Vietnam.

40. S	ince they <u>study</u> in <u>the sa</u> other. A B	<u>me</u> primary school, <u>th</u> C	<u>ley</u> have <u>knowr</u> D	<u>n</u> each	
Choos	se the word or phrase the	hat best fits each sp	ace in the foll	owing passag	je
	Many people love boats	. Going out on the wa	nter (41)	_a warm sum	mer day is a lot of fun.
sailbo engir usua other	(42),different people like different kinds of boats. Two of the most popular kinds of boat are sailboats and speedboats. Sailboats use the (43) to give them power. They only have small engines. In contrast, speedboats have large engines and go very fast. Furthermore, speedboats are usually not as (44) as sailboats. Speedboats are small so that they can go fast. Sailboats, on the other hand, are big so that they are more comfortable. (45), sailboats can travel into the ocean, but this would be very dangerous in a speedboat. You can only use speedboats on rivers or lakes.				
41.	A. at	B. on	C. in	ļ	D. while
42 .	A. However	B. Although	C. Becaus	e I	D. Unless
43.	A. water	B. speed	C. weathe	r	D. wind

D. understanding

44.	A. small	B. fast	C. warm	D. bio
			_	· ·

45. B. Unfortunately B. At first C. In addition D. Except for

Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D

Diwali is a main Hindu festival. It is known as the "Festival of Lights". It makes the victory of good over evil. In other words, lights are symbols of victory of brightness over darkness. People in India turn on lamps in every house and watch firecrackers in the night sky. These lights are a way showing honor to the gods of India for giving the people health, knowledge, riches and peace.

On the day of Diwali, *children* get up at 3:00 a.m and take a bath. They dress up in festival clothes, light up the candles and share sweets. There is competition among the children to light the first firecracker and to make the loudest noise. Soon, the whole sky is bright. Children seem to have the most fun during this festival.

C. satisfaction

- **46.** What does the passage mainly discuss?
 - A. Unity among the people in India
 - B. A way that children in India have fun
 - C. How a festival in India is celebrated
 - D. The meaning of lamplighting and firecrackers in India.
- 47. The world *honor* in the first paragraph 1 is closet in meaning to
- B. respect **48.** All of the following are true of the festival **EXCEPT**_____.
 - A. giving thanks to Gods
 - B. lighting up candles

A. pride

- C. exploding firecrackers
- D. having sports competition between children
- 49. The author's main purpose in paragraph 1 is
 - A. to show different types of lights in Diwali
 - B. to point out that the Diwali is an unusual holiday
 - C. to explain the meaning of Diwali
 - D. to give evidence that Diwali is celebrated at night
- 50. Why does the author mention *children* in paragraph 2?
 - A. To focus that Diwali is a noisy festival
 - B. To indicate that children enjoy the holiday of Diwali a lot
 - C. To explain that the Diwali is a time for competition
 - D. To indicate that the holiday is dangerous for children

----THE END-----

6. Đề thi HK1 môn Tiếng Anh số 6

	ĐỀ KIỂM TRA HỌC KỲ I
TRƯỜNG THPT NGUYỄN HỮU CẢNH	Môn Tiếng Anh 12
	Thời gian: 45 phút

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

1. A. n<u>ur</u>sery

B. work

C. excursion

D. certificate

2. A. <u>application</u>

B. <u>a</u>pply

C. <u>a</u>pplicant

D. applicator

Choose the word that has the main stress position differently from that of the rest.

3. A. campus

B. certificate

C. performance

D. acceptance

4. A. impression

B. existence

C. compulsory

D. creativity

5. A. reform

B. improve

C. dominate

D. adopt

Choose the correct answer to each of the flollowing questions.

6. He warned her_____the wire.

A. not touching

B. not touch

C. touch

D. not to touch

7. Hurry up! It's time we_____for next week's examination.

A. have studied B. studied

C. had studied

D. will study

8. When Jack	_me, I	_a letter.	
A. phoned/ has bee	n writing	B. has phoned/ wa	s writing
C. phoned/ was writi	ng	D. was phoning/ wi	rote
9. Be quiet! The baby			
A. is sleeping	B. slept	C. was sleeping	D. sleeps
10. You should find out as n	nuch as about the	e job and the <u>vacancy</u>	
A. jobs are advertise	ed	B. a job that is avai	ilable.
C. a seat that is avai	lable	D. an empty seat.	
11. Would you mind show m	ne	to work the lift?	
A. where	B. how	C. what	D. why
12. The academic year in E	ngland	into three terms.	
A. has divided	B. is divided	C. divides	D. is dividing
13. My mother tells me that	she	_since she was four.	
A. has been singing	B. has been s	ung C. sang	D. had sung
14. We saw many soldiers a	and horses	were moving to the fi	ront line.
A. which	B. whom	C. who	D. that
15. Try these cakes! They a	are	from wheat flour.	
A. done	B. made	C. taken	D. baked
16. A surprise party	by my stud	dents tomorrow.	
A. is going to be org	anized	B. is gone to organ	ize
C. is going to organia	ze	D. a and b are corr	ect
17. Schooling is	for all English o	children from the age of five to	o sixteen.
A. compulsory		-	D. encouraged
18. Because of the coming	examination, I am	under a lot of study	
A. responsibility	B. pressure	C. confidence	D. activities
19. Had I known she was si	ck , I	her.	
A. visited	B. had visited	C. would have visit	ed D. would visit
20. "" the doct	or advised his pat	tient.	
A. You had better st	op drinking	B. I would like you	to drink
C. You had better to	drink	D. Please drink sor	me more
21. "I will do it for you, Mary	", Peter said.		
A. Peter advised Ma	ary to do it	B. Peter advised M	lary not to do it.
C. Peter promised to	do it for Mary	D. Peter wanted M	ary to do it.
22. Some snakes are poison	nous,	_others are harmless.	
A. but	B. so	C. for	D. although
23. Please don't enter	knockino	1	

	A. with	B. without	C. except for	D. by
24.	"Thanks for your help!"		"	
	A. With all my heart	B. Never mind me	C. It's my pleasure	D. All it is for you
25.	" How do you get to wor	k?" "	"	
	A. It is very far		B. About two kilometers	S.
	C. I walk, of course		D. I was taken there.	
26.	" I have just passed my	English proficiency test."	"	,
	A. Congratulations!		B. It's nice of you to sa	y so!
	C. That's a good idea	a!	D. Ok! I'm enjoying in it	t!
27.	" Happy New Year! "	<u></u>	,	
	A. Thank you, I am v	ery happy to hear that.		
	B. Thank you, I am to	00.		

- C. Thank you, the same to you.
- D. Thank you. I wish you a happy birthday.
- **28.** "I am expecting a baby." "______"
 - A. Good luck! Boy or girl?
 - B. Happy to hear that.
 - C. When will you give birth to a baby?
 - D. That's wonderful news! When's it due?

Choose the sentence that is closest in the meaning to the root one.

- 29. I can't do the test because it is too difficult.
 - A. If the test weren't too difficult, I can do it.
 - B. If the test hadn't been too difficult, I could do it.
 - C. If the test weren't too difficult, I could do it.
 - D. If the test isn't too difficult, I can do it.
- **30.** They are *cleaning* the kitchen now.
 - A. The kitchen is now cleaned.
 - B. The kitchen is cleaning now.
 - C. The kitchen is been cleaning now.
 - D. The kitchen is being cleaned now.
- 31. Opinion/ his performance / good.
 - A. My opinion was good at his pereformance.
 - B. For my opinion, his performance was good.
 - C. In my opinion, I think his performance was good.
 - D. In my opinion, his performance was good.
- 32. He/ afraid/ sack/ lack of education.
 - A. He is afraid that he sacks lack of education.
 - B. He is afraid of sacking due to lack of education.
 - C. He is afraid of being sacked for lack of education.
 - D. He is afraid of being sacked because he lacks of education.
- 33. Without transportation, our modern society could not exist.
 - A. Our modern society could not exist if there is no transportation.
 - B. Our modern society will not exist without having transportation.
 - C. If there were no transportation, our modern society would not exist.
 - D. If transportation no longer exists, our modern society will not exist.
- 34. "You'd better think carefully before applying for that job." She said to me.
 - A. She said me to think carefully before applying for that job.
 - B. She says me to think carefully before applying for that job.
 - C. She advise me to think carefully before applying for that job.
 - D. She advised me to think carefully before applying for that job.

- 35. The USA is a country of high youth unemployment.
 - A. The USA is a country of young people.
 - B. It is the USA that has a great number of young people.
 - C. High youth unemployment is found in the USA.
 - D. We find high youth unemployment a problem in the USA

Choose the underlined part that needs correction.

36. Buying clothes <u>are</u> often <u>a very time- consuming</u> practice <u>because those</u> clothes that A B C

a person likes are rarely the one that fit him or her.

D

37. After she had bought himself a new automobile, she sold her bicycle.

	Α	В	C D		
38. After George <u>had returned</u> to his house, he <u>was reading</u> a book.					
	Α	в с	D		
39. Wo	e had better <u>to review</u> t	this chapter <u>carefully</u> beca B	ause we will ha	ave <u>some</u> que C	estions <u>on it on</u> A D
our tes	st tomorrow.				
40. St	uart stopped <u>to write</u> hi	is letter <u>because</u> he had <u>t</u> B	<u>o leave</u> <u>for the</u> C	<u>hospital</u> . A D	
Choo	se the correct word fo	or each of the blanks.			
		BEFORE THE I	NTERVIEW		
intervi	ew, you have to send st in the job and (42)_	much as possible about t a letter of application an that y	d your resume	es to the com	pany to express your
prepai	cates and letter of rec you may joure for the questions the ew is and (45)	the interview, remember ommendation from your ot down your qualification at are often asked durin there	teachers or and experie g the interviev	your previous your previous of that can with the your your your your your your your your	ous employers. (44) relate to the job and you know where the
	ss neatly and formally.	D	0 ()	5	
41.	A. vacancy	B. career	C. profession		. place.
42.	A. showing	B. to show	C. shown		. show
43.	A. to bring	B. bringing	C. brought		. bring
44.	A. Although	B. In addition	C. however	D	. And
45.	A. how to get	B. how getting	C. way gettin	ig D	. to get
Choo	se the correct answe	r to each of the question	ıs.		
If parents bring up a child with the aim of turning the child into a genius, they will cause great damage to him. According to several leading educational psychologist, this is one of the biggest mistakes which some parents make. Generally the child will understand very well the parents expect and will fail. Unrealistic parental expectations can cause great damage to their children.					
However, if parents are not unrealistic about what they expect their children to do, but are hopeful in a sensible way, the child may succeed in doing very well especially if the parents are very supportive of their children.					
Michael Li is very lucky. He is very fond of music, and his parents help him a lot by taking him to concerts and arranging private piano and violin lessons. Although Michael's play the trumpet in a large orchestra, he never makes Michael enter music competitions if he is unwilling. Michael's friend, Winston Chen, however, is not so lucky. Although both his parents are successful musicians, they set too high a standard for Winston. They want their son to be as successful as they are and so they enter him in every piano competition held. They are very unhappy when he does not win. "when I was your age, I used to win every competition I enter,"					
Winton's father tells him. Winston is always afraid that he will disappoint his parents and now he always seems quiet and unhappy.					
46. Th	e main idea of the pas	sage is			
	A. how parennts should make a child a musician.				

- B. how parents should bring up a child.
- C. what differences there are between two kinds of parents.
- D. what aim of a child can be much earlier to reach.
- 47. Michael is lucky because______.

	A. His parents he	lp him in a sensible way.	B. His family is rich er	nough to have a car.
	C. His father is a	musician in an orchestra.	D. He is free to do an	ything that he likes
best				
48. \	•	so high a standard for him t	.hat	·
		is best to do everything.		
	B. He has made (ggreater progress in music.		
	C. He is afraid tha	at he may disappoint them		
	D. He often want	to kill himself someday.		
49. I	t is one of parents' m	istakes if	·	
	A. they want their	child to be a musician.		
	B. They help their	child to win music compet	ition.	
	C. They don't care	e for their child's education	much.	
	D. They make the	ir child try to achieve too m	nuch.	
50. /	According to the auth	or's opinion,		
	A. It is unimporta	nt to let the child develop in	the way they want.	
	B. Parents should	be supportive of their child	dren.	
	C. All sensible pa	rents can train their childre	n to success in everythin	g.
	D. Unrealistic par	ents should arrange private	e lessons for their childre	n.
		THE I	END	
7. Để	thi HK1 môn Tiế	ng Anh số 7		
			ĐỀ KIỂM TRA I	Học Kỳ I
	TRƯỜNG THPT AN LẠC		Môn Tiếng Anh 12	
		•	Thời gian: 4	5 phút
		<u>'</u>		•
Choo	se the word that is	stressed differently from	the rest.	
1.	A. economy	B. economics	C. technologically	D. institution
2.	A. university	B. international	C. agricultural	D. philosophy
Choo	se the word whose	underlined part is pronou	unced differently from	that of the rest.
3.	A. achiev <u>ed</u>	B. advanc <u>ed</u>	C. requir <u>ed</u>	D. repli <u>ed</u>
4.	A. <u>e</u> xplanation	B. <u>e</u> xperience	C. existence	D. exciting
5.	A. di <u>s</u> aster	B. cri <u>s</u> is	C. ba <u>s</u> ic	D. hand <u>s</u> ome
		to complete the blank in	_	entences.
		cinterest, tomorrow	_	
		B. of/of /off		
7. S	she will never try	that again. It was sucl	n a nasty experience.	·
		B. to be done		D. do
8 . 1		to see her	5	
J. L				



	A. through	B. back	C. off	D. to
9.	Thoseto g	o with me, please raise your	hand.	
	A. wanting	B. who wants	C. who want	d. a & c are correct
10.	Would you like to go	to the movies tomorrow? -	Sure. By then I	my exam.
	A. will finish	B. finished	C. will have finished	D. have finished
11.	the fifth	largest among the nine plan	ets that make up our sol	ar system.
	A. The Earth is	B. the Earth being	C. that the Earth is	d. being the Earth
12.	At present Mary	her clothes. She	the clothes on	Sunday.
	A. is washing / of	ten washes	B. has washed / is ofto	en washing
	C. was washing /	has often washed	D. washes / often was	hed
13.	Theygood	d preparations before they _	their final examina	ation yesterday.
	A. made / had tal	ken	B. have made / take	
	C. had made / too	ok	D. will have made / ha	ive taken
14.	Let's put off that mee	eting to next Monday.		
	A. postpone	B. arrange	C. start	D. decide

15. German people alway that case would say <i>Hope</i>		g a plate in front of a	guestEnglish people in	
A. despite	B. when	C. while	D. though	
16. They had a really goo	od chance of winning the na	itional		
A. competitor	B. competition	C. compete	D. competitive	
17. Lan is very sick now	since she hasn't got used	the cold we	atherthe U.S.	
A. to / in	B. with / on	C. to / at	D. with / in	
18. Many womenare not aware of their right	the countryside have nts.	to suffer	domestic violence as they	
A. at / from	B. to / at	C. from / with	D. in / from	
19. I like tos	shopping in the city.			
a. doing	B. do	C. making	D. make	
20garden lo	ooks like a mess. Why don't	you cutg	grass?	
A. a /a	B. a / the	C. the / the	D. x / x	
21. friend of	mine gave me	conical hat as a souve	enir.	
A. the / the	b. a / the	C. the / a	D. a /a	
22. Even though I kept ap	oologizing,			
A. my friend forgiv	ves me	B. my friend forga	B. my friend forgave me	
C. my friend does	not forgive me	D. my friend did no	ot forgive me	
23. Tom was still keen or	his goalthe fa	ct that it was very har	d to achieve.	
A. because	B. although	C. despite	D. in spite	
24. Hefor Ca	anada two years ago and I_	him since t	then.	
A. left / did not se	e B. has left / have not s	een C. left / do not se	D. left / have not seen	
25. The bedroom needs_	now.			
A. decorate	B. decorated	C. decorating	D. to decorate	
26. It is very kind of you_	me a hand.			
	A. to give B. given	C. giving	D. give	
27. The villagers in this c	ommune continue to take p	oart in many	ceremonies.	
A. traditional	B. traditionally	C. untraditional	D. traditions	
28. "Oh, no. Did I do that"	? I'm sorry." – "	"		
A. Oh, that's alrig	ht. It can happen to anyone	B. Did i? I'm sorry.		
C. I'm worried abo	out that.	D. No, of course n	ot.	
29. "" – "Oh,	thanks. I'm glad you like it.	99		
A. What does you	ır house cost?	B. I like your house	e. It has nice view.	
C. I don't know ho	ow to get to your house.	D. Who designed	this beautiful house?	
30. The air has become r	more and more <u>polluted</u> bed	cause of exhaust fume	es from vehicles.	
A. preserved	B. wasted	C. contaminated	D. conserved	

Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correction. 31. Julie failed her driving test because she hasn't practised enough. A B C D 32. I don't mind a little inconvenient but this is impossible. A B C D 33. The doctor called this morning while you slept. A B C D 34. Someone would tell him the answer, so he quessed. A B C D 35. Unless you don't know how to do this exercise, you can ask me. A B C D

Choose the best answers to fill in the blanks:

Some people believe that soon schools will no longer be necessary. They say that (9)_____the Internet and other new technologies, (10) _____no longer any need for school buildings, formal class, or teachers. Perhaps this will be true one day, but this is hard to (11)_____a world without schools. In fact, we need to look at how we can use new technology to make schools better, not (12)

	them. We should	l invent a new kind of s	school that is (13)	to libraries, museums,
scien	ce centers, laboratori	ies, and even companies		
36.	A. despite	B. because of	C. thought	D. because
37.	A. there are	B. they are	C. it is	D. there is
38.	A. know	B. realize	C. imagine	D. consider
39.	A. to eliminate	B. eliminative	C. eliminator	D. elimination
40.	A. limited	B. linked	C. contributed	D. addressed
Dood	the manager and ab	and the best successes		

Read the passage and choose the best answers:

Before applying to a foreign university, one should consider the disadvantages of studying abroad. First, a student may feel lonely by being far home and friends. Also, difficulty in understanding a foreign language can be very disappointing and can affect the student's grades. It can be very expensive to pay the costs of travel and housing in a different country. Finally, if there is an emergency at home, it will be hard to get home in a hurry.

However, studying in another country is advantageous in many ways. A student is exposed to a new culture. This culture teaches him or her about other people and other way of thinking, which can be promote friendships among countries. He can learn an new language which may be beneficial for keeping up with research after student has finished studying. He can learn experience not available in his country. The student may also get the opportunity to study at a university where leading expert in his field may be teaching. The leading expert can introduce the student to the most up-to-date finding of the tops researches in the field. Exposure to such available knowledge and insights into the field can aid the student in becoming an expert as well.

- **41.** to study abroad.
- A. There are only disadvantages.
- B. There are only advantages.
- C. There are both advantages and disadvantages.
- D. There are neither advantages nor advantages.
- **42.** When studying abroad, a student_____.
 - A. is homesick and feel lonely
 - B. spends a lot of money for accommodation and transportation
 - C. cannot go home immediately in emergency.
 - D. All are correct.
- **43.** When studying abroad, a student is exposed to a new culture that
 - A. has no advantage.
 - B. enriches his knowledge about people and other ways of thinking.
 - C. has no effects
 - D. causes some troubles
- **44.** At a foreign university, a student______.
 - - A. can learn a foreign language.
- B. cannot learn a foreign language
- C. has to learn his mother tongue
- D. doesn't have to learn a language
- **45.** At a foreign university, a student may_____
 - A. meet his neighbor

B. travel a lot

C. meet a leading expert in his field

D. All are correct

Choose the sentence that is closest in the meaning to the root one.

- **46.** "Would you like to stay for dinner?" she asked me.
 - A. He asked me if I liked to stay for dinner.
 - B. She was very kind to offer me the dinner.
 - C. He offered me a dinner.
 - D. She invited me to stay for dinner.
- **47.** "Whose car did you borrow last night?" I said to him.
 - A. I said to him whose car did he borrow last night.
 - B. I told him whose car had he borrowed the night before.
 - B. I ordered him whose car he had borrowed the night before.
 - C. I asked him whose car he had borrowed the night before.

- A. If I had enough money, I will buy a new suit.
- B. If I have enough money, I will buy a new suit.
- C. If I have enough money, I would buy a new suit.
- D. If I had enough money, I bought a new suit.
- **49.** "Do you enjoy living in the city?" asked the man.
 - A. The man asked if I enjoy living in the city.
 - B. The man wanted to know if I enjoy living in the city.
 - C. The man said whether I enjoy living in the city.
 - D. The man wanted to know whether I enjoyed living in the city.
- 50. what / foreign / languages / taught / are / in / schools / your / country?
 - A. What foreign languages are taught in schools in your country?
 - B. What are foreign languages taught in schools in your country?
 - C. What languages foreign are taught in schools in your country?
 - D. What foreign languages are taught in your country in schools?

----THE END-----

8. Đề thi HK1 môn Tiếng Anh số 8

	ĐỀ KIỂM TRA HỌC KỲ I
TRƯỜNG THPT CHU VĂN AN	Môn Tiếng Anh 12
	Thời gian: 45 phút

Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest.

1.	A. economic	B. experience	C. entertainment	D. introduction
2.	A. achievement	B. communist	C. constantly	D. government
3.	A. heavy	B. major	C. program	D. reform
4.	A. production	B. consumer	C. domestic	D. business
5.	A. hospital	B. inflation	C. policy	D. constantly

Choose a, b, c, or d that best completes each unfinished sentence.

B. fulfilled

		The second secon		
6.	An 'A-level' in Mathemat	ics or a/ anqu	alification, is normally req	juired.
	A. equal	B. same	C. equivalent	D. like
7.	At the age of sixteen he_	for a place at the	University of Harvard.	
	A. expected	B. submitted	C. required	D. qualified
8.	GCSEs are often a require	ement for taking A-levels	, a common type of univers	sityrequirement.
	A. entrance	B. enclose	C. attendance	D. assessment
9.	GCSE courses are themselves.	_in a variety of subjects,	which are usually decided	by the students
	A. spent	B. taken	C. made	D. looked
10.	GCSEs are not compulsor	<u>y</u> , but they are the most co	ommon qualification taken	by 14-16-year-old students.

C. required

ELIB.VN: THƯ VIỆN TRỰC TUYẾN MIỄN PHÍ

A. specialized

D. applied

11.	Secondary educat	ion is theof education	on following primary scho	ool.
	A. stage	B. step	C. level	D. standard
12.	Then he'll know ex	cactly what's required	him. (esp passive)	
	A. of	B. in	C. with	D. for
13.	That language cer	nter has a wide variety	subjects for you to c	hoose.
	A. at	B. upon	C. of	D. about
14.	I admired him for b	peing so confident	_his age.	
	A. for	B. at	C. In	D. on
15.	She is a slow stud	ent. She seems to be una	ble to concentrate on any	thing in
	A. particular	B. particularly	C. particularity	D. particularize
16.	You should find a	job to livefrom y	our parents.	
	A. dependence	B. independence	C. independent	D. independently
17.	Those who do wel	l on the test clearly have tl	nefluency.	
	A. require	B. requirement	C. requisite	D. requiring
18.	Moststu	dents in UK prepa	are carefully for A-level e	xams.
	A. the / Ø	B. Ø / the	C. Ø / an	D. the / an
19.	Where is Peter? -	He is atschool.		

	A. a	B. an	C. the	D. Ø
	with my previo	us job, I would have wor	n a higher promotion and	Iin this
	A. Unless I had staye	ed / am not	B. If I stayed / would no	t be
	C. If had I stayed / wi	Il not be	D. Had I stayed / would	not be
21.	If theydown that	at old opera house, we wo	ould not have any historica	al architecture left in the city
	A. tear	B. tore	C. torn	D. were torn
22.	I can't stand him. If he_	, I will quit.		
	A. is employed	B. employed	C. were employed	D. had employed
23.	Without my parents' sup	oport, Imy over	seas study.	
	A. will not complete		B. did not complete	
	C. had not completed	1	D. would not have comp	oleted
24.	at home, I wou	ıld enjoy my favourite sh	ow.	
	A. Suppose I am	B. Unless were I	C. Were I	D. If were I
	The man and his dogs_ re just been rescued safe		e demolished building af	ter the earthquake
	A. which	B. who	C. that	D. whom
	Since the global industr nearly extinct has increas		animal speciesl	nave become extinct
	A. which	B. when	C. why	D. whose
27.	Of my students, Betty is	s the only oneh	as found a good job.	
	A. where	B. that	C. which	D. whose
28.	Have you ever visited N	lew York harbor	_the famous Statue of Li	berty stands?
	A. on where	B. that	C. on that	D. where
29.	Tell me the day	_you want to leave.		
	A. which	B. when	C. in that	D. where
30.	That is the place	there used to be a mo	nument.	
	A. where	B. that	C. why	D. for which
31.	I could not eat	l was very hungry.		
	A. even though	B. in spite	C. despite	D. in spite the fact that
32.	In spite, the ba	aseball game was not ca	ncelled.	
	A. the rain	B. of the rain	C. it was raining	D. there was a rain
33.	he had enough	n money, he refused to b	uy a new car.	
	A. In spite	B. In spite of	C. Despite	D. Although
34.	, he walked to	the station.		
	A. Despite being tired	B. Although to be tired	C. In spite being tired	D. Despite tired
35.	The children slept well,	despite		
	A. it was noise	B. the noise	C. of the noise	D. noisy

Error Identification.

36.	The General Certificate of Secondary Education (GCSE) is the name of a set of English
	A B
quali	ifications, generally <u>taking</u> by secondary school students <u>at the age</u> of 15-16 in England.
	C (taken)
37. <u>\</u>	When GCSEs are taken in secondary school, they can often combined with other A
<u>quali</u>	<u>ifications</u> , or diplomas.
	D
38.	If you decide <u>to take</u> any examination system, you <u>should make</u> contact with the Admissions A B
Offic	e to ask for an appropriate preparation for the subject whom you are planning to study.
	C D
39. [Entry standards at Cambridge University require students who have studied to the highest

ELIB.VN: THƯ VIỆN TRỰC TUYẾN MIỄN PHÍ

Α В C level available for school students, and having achieved top grades. **40.** If you have already decided on a course that you would like to study at university, or we A C (we) recommend that you take a look at the course requirements first

Read the two passages carefully and choose the correct answer.

There is no age requirement for admission to Cambridge University, although the vast majority of undergraduates are 18 years' or older when they come into residence. All applicants will need to demonstrate that they have the maturity and personal skills to cope with university level study. A student who will be over 21 on commencing a course is classified as a mature student.

In previous years, the University has had minimum entrance requirements for all applicants, known as matriculation requirements. These included the need for a qualification in English, a language other than English, and a mathematical or scientific subject. These requirements will be abolished from 2009 entry onwards.

Cambridge applicants are encouraged to study either four or five Advanced Subsidiary (AS) levels in Year 12. Applicants taking four subjects will not be disadvantaged compared with those taking five subjects. The university administration would normally expect A grades in subjects which are particularly relevant to the course a student is applying for. More challenging offers may be set to ensure that an applicant can cope with pressure and the demands of exams.

Advanced Extension Awards (AEAs) are based on A level subject criteria and require no additional teaching or resources. They are designed to challenge the most able students and to provide opportunities for students to show logical and critical thinking skills and a greater depth of understanding

tha	n required at A level.		
41.	"There is no age requirement for admission to Cambridge University" means that		
	A. All students studying at Cambridge	University must be under 18 years old	
	B. Any students can enter Cambridge l	Jniversity regardless of the age	
	C. Any students who are admitted to C	ambridge University have to meet age requirement.	
	D. All Cambridge higher students must	be more than 20 years old	
42.	To enter Cambridge University, students	must be	
	A. very wealthy	B. under the level of university study	
	C. mature and personally skillful	D. very intelligent	
43.	What is not a matriculation requirement to	enter Cambridge University?	
	A. A Bachelor of Art in Literature	B. A language other than English	
Acc	C. A qualification in English cording to the third paragraph,	D. A mathematical or, scientific subject	
	A. Studying at Cambridge University is	not a difficult task.	
	B. Examinations at Cambridge Univers	ity are very difficult.	
	C. Students at Cambridge University de	o not to encounter any pressure.	
	D. Cambridge University does not requ	ire examinations.	
44.	Advanced Extension Awards (AEAs) are	forstudents.	

A. poor B. foreign C. elderly D. good

Fill in each numbered blank with one suitable word or phrase.

Here are tips that help succeed in your job interview:

Always arrive early. If you do not know where the organization is located, call for exact directions (46)____advance. Leave some extra time for any traffic, parking, or (47)____events. If you are running late, call right away and let someone know. The best time to arrive is approximately 5 - 10 minutes early. Give (48)____the time to read your resume one more time, to catch your breath, and to be ready for the interview. Once you are at the office, treat everyone you encounter with respect. Be (49)___to everyone as soon as you walk in the door.

Wear a professional business suit. This point should be emphasized enough. First impressions are extremely important in the interview process. Women should (50)__wearing too much jewelry or

make up. Men should avoid flashy suits or wearing too much perfume. It is also important that you feel comfortable. While a suit is the standard interview attire in a business environment, if you think it is an informal environment, call before and ask. Regardless, you can never be overdressed if you are wearing a tailored suit.

45. A. with B. in C. on D. for

46. A. expected B. unexpected C. unexpectedly D. expectedly

47. A. you B. your C. yours D. yourself

48. A. pleasant B. happy C. disappointed D. excited

49. A. avoid B. suggest C. enjoy D. mind

----THE END-----

9. Đề thi HK1 môn Tiếng Anh số 9

	ĐỀ KIỂM TRA HỌC KỲ I
TRƯỜNG THPT VĨNH LỘC	Môn Tiếng Anh 12
	Thời gian: 45 phút

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently.

1.	A. d <u>a</u> nger	B. h <u>a</u> bitat	C. c <u>a</u> mpus	D. c <u>a</u> ctus
2.	A. breath	B. threaten	C. healthy	D. gr <u>ea</u> t

3. A. windsurfing B. wilderness C. rhino D. philosopher

Choose the word whose stress is different.

4.	A. possible	B. important	C. together	D. familiar
5.	A. supportive	B. responsibility	C. responsive	D. repairable

Choose the right word or phrase to complete the sentences.

12. A: I'm terribly sorry I behaved in such a childish way. ~ B:

13. A football fan is has a strong interest in football.

B. That's all right

	ood and right word or p	made to demprote the	Contonocci	
6.	More and more trees in	the area are found $_$ $_$	from the effect	of polluted air.
	A. died	B. to be dying	C. having died	D. to be died
7.	Martin tried on three jac	ckets,fitted	him.	
	A. none	B. none of which	C. none of them	D. all of them.
8.	Ito the auth	nor if I thought he would	publish the article.	
	A. write	B. am writing	C. would write	D. had written
9.	After Mary	her degree, she inter	nds to work in her fathe	r's company.
	A. will finish	B. is finishing	C. finishes	D. will have finished
10.	The water will be further	r polluted unless some	measures	÷
	A. will be taken	B. are taken	C. were taken	D. had been taken
11.	A: Could you pick me u	p at 6 o'clock?~B	I'm still at the	e meeting then.
	A I think I couldn't	B Yes of course Lco	ould C. No problem	D I'm afraid not

C. You're welcome

D. Never mind

A. Don't say that

	A. a thing that	B. something that	C. a person that	D. what
14.	He thought of his childho	oodhe wo	orked in the country.	
	A. when	B. where	C. why	D. which
15.	The children are all	beautiful clothes	on New Year's Day.	
	A. in	B. on	C. of	D. at
16.	Nowadays elephants are	e one of thes	pecies in the world. The	ey need protecting
	A. enlightened	B. expensive	C. endangered	D. enlarged
17.	What are the	_between women's in old	times and women in m	odern times?
	A. differs	B. different	C. difference	D. differences
18.	In the past people believe	ed that women's	roles were as mothe	rs and wives.
		A. nature B. natural (C. naturism	D. naturalist
19.	A skilled	_will help candidates fee	el relaxed.	
	A. interview	B. interviewing	C. interviewee	D. interviewer
20.	He has just arrived, but	he talks as if he	all about that	
	A. know	B. knows	C. known.	D. knew
21.	Many of the	_not expect to win.		

	A. participants in the race do		B. participants in the races does		
	C. participants in the	race does	D. participant in the r	ace does	
22.	He came home late, so	I asked him where	been.		
	A. he had	B. has he	C. he has	D. had he	
23.	If you take a good book	on your hand, you will fir	nd it hard		
	A. to pick it up	B. to put it down	C. to read it	D. to enjoy it	
	An endangered species ecoming extinct.	is a species	population is so small	that is in danger	
	A. whose	B. which	C. what	D. who	
25.	Emily is motivated to stu	ıdyshe know	s that a good educatio	n can improve her life.	
	A. therefore	B. because of	C. because	D. so	
26.	She didn't get	well with her boss, s	so the left the company		
	A. up	B. at	C. through	D. on	
27.	If Icross a c	lesert, I'd probably find a	camel and a guide.		
	A. am to	B. have to	C. would	D. had to	
28.	number of boys	were swimming in the lak	ke, but I didn't know	exact number of them.	
	A. A / the	B. The / an	C. The / the	D. A / an	
29.	The masters	satisfied with his students	s' progress that he prais	sed them in class.	
	A. was so	B. was so that	C. was such	D. is such a	
30.	Come and sit down. Have	ve a cup of tea,	?		
	A. wouldn't you	B. will you	C. haven't you	D. do you	
31.	Warm yourup I	oefore you jump into a sv	wimming pool so that y	ou won't be cold.	
	A. head	B. arms	C. feet	D. body	
32.	She has made an	for the job as a nu	ursery teacher because	e she likes children.	
	A. apply	B. applicant	C. application	D. applicated	
Cho	ose the underlined wor	d or phrase in each sen	ntence that needs cor	recting	
33.	George <u>has not</u> complet <u>neither</u> . A	ted the <u>assignment</u> <u>yet,</u> a B C	and Maria <u>hasn't</u> D		
34.	As they grow older, child parents. A	dren in many cultures <u>tau</u> B	ught not to rely on their C	D	
35.	After Tom returned to hi	<u>s house, he</u> <u>read</u> a book			
	Α	B C D			
Cho	ose the sentence that is	s similar in meaning to	the one given		
36.	"Do you believe in what	the boy says, Mary?" sa	id Tom.		
	A. Tom asked Mary to	o believe in what the boy	r said.		
	B. Tom asked Mary if	she believed in what the	e boy said.		

C. Tom said that Mary believed in what the boy said.

- D. Tom asked Mary whether she believes in what the boy says.
- 37. John is fat because he eats so many chips.
 - A. If John doesn't eat so many chips, he will not be fat.
 - B. If John didn't eat so many chips, he would not be fat.
 - C. John is fat though he eats so many chips.
 - D. being fat, John eats so many chips.
- **38.** People say he won a lot of money on the lottery.
 - A. He is said that he won a lot of money on the lottery.
 - B. He won a lot of money on the lottery, it is said.
 - C. He is said to have won a lot of money on the lottery.
 - D. He was said to win a lot of money on the lottery.
- 39. He was very tired but he kept on working.
 - A. Despite he was very tired, he kept on working.
 - B. In spite of he was very tired, he kept on working.
 - C. Though his tiredness, he kept on working.

- D. Although he was very tired, he kept on working.
 - **40.** He asked me where I had bought those English books.
 - A. He asked me, "Where had I bought those English books?"
 - B. He said to me, "Where did you buy these English books?"
 - C. He said to me, "Where I bought these English books?"
 - D. He asked me, "Where did I buy those English books?"

Fill each of the numbered blanks in the following passage with suitable words

TEENAGERS AND SPORT

It's quite rare to meet teenagers who don't like sports. When you are young, you know how important (41)____ to do physical exercise if you want to be healthy and strong, and for that reason—you often concentrate on just one sport with so (42)_____ enthusiasm that in the end you can't live without it. The problem is, though, that as you grow up you have less and less spare time. At your age you have to study harder if you want to get good marks to go to university, with perhaps only one afternoon a week to do any sport. This happens just when you are at the best (43)____ for many sports, such as gymnastics and swimming. By the time you finish all your studies you will probably be too old to be really good at sports like those, but if you spend enough time on (44)__ while you are young, then one day you will find that you are very good at your sport but too old to study, and you will find it (45)_____ to get a good job. Somehow, it doesn't seem fair.

41.	A. this is	B. you are	C. it is	D. things are
42.	A. keen	B. many	C. great	D. much
43.	A. stage	B. age	C. period	D. time
44.	A. training	B. practice	C. exercise	D. sporting
45.	A. impractical	B. unlikely	C. improbable	D. impossible

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions below

THE WILD LIFE

Wild animals (and wild plants) and the wild places where they live are seriously **threatened** almost everywhere. One species has become extinct in each year of this century. But many hundreds are now in danger. Lack of attention would lead to the rapid advance of the process of extinction.

Already many kinds of wild animals has been so reduced in number that their role in the ecosystem is forgotten. Animals like the great apes, the whales, seals etc. thought to be in danger of extinction.

But even more important, perhaps than individual kinds of animals and plants, whole habitats are in danger of vanishing: marshes are being drained, and the world forests, especially tropical forests are being cut down to satisfy man's needs of timber and paper.

What would our world be like if all the wild animals and wild plants vanished?- Would our life still exist then?

- **46.** What would happen to the human beings if the wild life vanished?
 - A. Many species would quickly become extinct.
 - B. The human life would be seriously threatened.
 - C. Species would go on dying out.
 - D. Tropical forests would be cut down.
- 47. What is more important than individual kinds of animals and plants?
 - A. the vanishing of whole habitats.

A. polluted

D. poisoned

	b. the extinction of many species.		
	C. the rapid advance of the process of	extinction.	
	D. man's need of timber and paper.		
48.	What does the writer caution us against?		
	A. cutting down the tropical forests.	B. hunting wild animals.	
	C. draining marshes.	D. destroying our environment.	
49.	What would happen if we cut down forest	s? ~ Cutting down forests would cause	
	A. the changes of temperature.	B. the flood	
	C. both A and B are correct.	D. none are correct.	
50.	The verb "threatened" in the passage me	eans	

C. vanished

B. given fear to

----THE END-----

10. Đề thi HK1 môn Tiếng Anh số 10

	TRƯỜNG THPT	PHAN BỘI CHÂU	ĐỀ KIỂM TR Môn Tiến	•
			Thời gian	: 45 phút
PRC	NUNCIATION			
Cho	ose the word whose m	ain stress is put diffe	erently from that of the	others in the group.
1.	A. project	B. support	C. secure	D. believe
2.	A. obedience	B. mischievous	C. biologist	D. decision
Cho	ose the word whose u	nderlined part is pron	nounced differently fro	m that of the others.
3.	A. f <u>a</u> mily	B. p <u>a</u> rents	C. h <u>a</u> ppy	D. fr <u>a</u> nkly
4.	A. misch <u>ie</u> f	B. bel <u>ie</u> ve	C. obed <u>ie</u> nce	D. n <u>ie</u> ce
5.	A. shift <u>s</u>	B. work <u>s</u>	C. group <u>s</u>	D. hands
I.	GRAMMAR & VOCAB	JLARY		
Ch	oose the word, phrase	or sentence a, b, c o	r d that best completes	s each unfinished sentenc
6.	Many of our students of	omepoor familie	es.	
	A. in	B. for	C. from	D. over
7.	Would you like to share	e your experience	the rest of the group?	
	A. with	B. to	C. among	D. of
8.	We are a veryfa	mily and support each	other through any crises	s. [crisis]
	A. old-established	B. well-to-do	C. hard-up	D. close-knit
9.	–"Lorna, would you ple	ase drive me to class t	oday? My car won't star	t". – ""
	A. Yes, I would.	B. I'd be glad to.	C. No, I wouldn't.	D. No idea
10.	most men, my fa	ather enjoys cooking.		
	A. Not alike	B. Unlike	C. Unlikely	D. Dislike
11.	. Her family and friends	have given her lots of _	·	
	A. support	B. supports	C. supporters	D. supportive
12.	. My mother often cooks	big meals, we	have leftovers for days.	

B. despite

13. Our parents join hands to give us a nice house and a happy home.

B. manage

14. Mark enjoys having fun by causing trouble. He's a very____boy.

B. mischievous

C. spoiled

C. so

D. bright

D. because

the new Harry Potter book now, so you can borrow my copy if you like. 15.

A. finish

A. however

A. deal with

A. stubborn

B. finished

C. am finished

C. help together

D. have finished

D. work together

16. As you

your car at the moment, can I borrow it?

	A. don't use	B. aren't using	C. haven't used	D. won't use
17.	Look at the dirt on your	clothes!in the ga	rden again?	
	A. Do you dig	B. Are you digging	C. Have you dug	D. Have you been digging
18.	In a break-in last week,	the burglarsall my	/ jewellery but left the pict	ture.
	A. took	B. have taken	C. had taken	D. were taking
19.	Come and see me whe	n youyour report.		
	A. finish	B. finished	C. will finish	D. had finished
20.	was one of the	most difficult tasks pione	ers faced on their journey	ys west.
	A. Crossing rivers	B. While crossing rivers	C. Rivers being crossed	D. By crossing rivers
21.	Can you tell me who is	responsible chec	king passports?	
	A. to	B. in	C. about	D. for
22.	She is leaving her husb	and she cannot p	ut up with his bad tempe	r any longer.
	A. because	B. so that	C. although	D. so
23.	Steve is a married man	. He enjoysat hor	ne with his wife and child	ren.
	A. to be B. being	a C. be D. been		

24.	For security reasons,	passengers are	requested	any luggage unatte	ended.
	A. not to leave	B. not leave		C. not leaving	D. don't leave
25.	irritating they	are, you should	n't lose you	ır temper with your child	ren.
	A. No matter	B. However		C. Despite	D. Because of
26.	Newsin of a	large fire in centi	ral London.		
	A. is coming	B. are comir	ng	C. have come	D. come
27.	Were you going to the	e language cente	er I	saw you yesterday morr	ing?
	A. while	B. if		C. because	D. when
28.	If Ia lot of m	oney, I'd definite	ly stop wor	king.	
		A. win	B. won	C. would won	D. had won
29.	After he had finished	his English cour	se, he wen	t to Englandconti	nue his study.
	A. so as	B. in order		C. to	D. and
30.	I wish George	_to Italy with us.			
	A. comes	B. has come	•	C. had come	D. will come
31.	Hardly anybody appli	ed for the job.			
	A. Nobody applied	for the job beca	use it was	hard.	
	B. Anybody found	it hard to apply f	or the job.		
	C. Few applicants	were suitable fo	r the job.		
	D. There were very	y few applicants	for the job.		
32	. I'm sorry that I didn't	finish my home	work last ni	ght.	
	A. If only I had fin	ished my homev	vork last ni	ght.	
	B. I promise to finis	sh all my homew	ork from n	ow on.	
	C. I regret that I fin	ished my homev	vork last ni	ght.	
	D. I wish I didn't ha	ave to do my hor	nework las	t night.	
33.	successful as	a husband than	as a fathe	er.	
	A. He is more	B. He is as		C. He is so	D. He is much
34.	You can enrich your I	knowledge	to the ra	idio.	
	A. to listen	B. by listenir	ng	C. because of listening	D. despite listening
35.	, I will have le	ft for the USA.			
	A. Receiving this le			B. To receive this letter	
	C. You receive this			D. By the time you rece	eive this letter
Cho	ose the underlined p	art in each sent	tence that	should be corrected.	
36.	Average family size hera. A	nas <u>increased</u> <u>fro</u> B C	om the <u>Victor</u> E	orian)	
37.	They prefer to stay in ties. A	their <u>home</u> cour B	ntry <u>becaus</u> C	<u>se</u> family D	
38.		<u>listance</u> telephor <u>opening</u> . A	ne line <u>betw</u> B	<u>een</u> Chicago and New Yo	rkwas <u>formally</u> C D

	_

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- **39.** There <u>are probably around 3,000 languages speaking in the world. A B C D</u>
- **40.** The <u>development of transistors made possible it</u> to reduce the size <u>of many electronic devices</u>. A B C D

Choose the item (A, B, C or D) that best completes the unfinished statement.

The nuclear family, consisting of a mother, father, and their children, may be more an American ideal than an American reality. Of course, the so-called traditional American family was always more varied than we had been led to believe, reflecting the very different racial, ethnic, class, and religious customs among different American groups.

The most recent government statistics reveal that only about one third of all *current* American families fit the traditional mold and another third consists of married couples who either have no children or have none still living at home. Of the final one third, about 20 percent of the total number of American households are single people, usually women over sixty-five years of age. A small percentage, about 3 percent of the total, consists of unmarried people who choose to live together; and the rest, about 7 percent are single, usually divorced parents, with at least one child. Today, these varied



family types are typical, and therefore, normal. Apparently, many Americans are achieving supportive relationships in family forms other than the traditional one.

41.	With what topic is the	passage mainly con	cerned?	
	A. The traditional American family		B. The nuclear family	
	C. The current Am	erican family	D. The ideal family	/
42.	The writer implies that	t		
	A. there have always been a wide variety of family arrangement in the United States			
	B. racial, ethnic, and religious groups have preserved the traditional family struct			
	C. the ideal American family is the best structure			
	D. fewer married couples are having children			
43. The word 'current' in line 7 could best be replaced by which of the following?				
	A. typical traditional	B. present	C. perfect	D.
44.	In the passage, marri represent	ed couples whose ch	nildren have grown or who	have no children
	—· A. 1/3 percent of h	ouseholds	B. 20 percent of ho	ouseholds
	C. 7 percent of hou		D. 3 percent of households	
45.	45. Who generally constitutes a one-person household?			
	A. A single man in	•	B. An elderly man	
	C. A single woman		D. A divorced woman	
Choc pass	ose the word or phra		that best fits each spac	
inve fam cou spe inve	being (36)to the idestigating their own illies came from and values with a (38)_shound some time (39)_the	dea of looking back ir family history. They o what they did. This i t history, like Austra rough a book on fa	g faster than ever beform to the past. One way they can try to (37) out more is now a fast-growing hold lia and the United States mily history and to take another to carry out	y can do this is by about where their bby, especially in . It is one thing to
46.	A. pushed	B. attracted	C. brought	D. considered
47.	A. lay	B. make	C. put	D. find
48.	A. fairly	B. greatly	C. mostly	D. widely
49.	A. seeing	B. moving	C. going	D. living
50 .	A. idea	B. plan	C. purpose	D. decision
THE END				